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# 出境领队英语

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朱 华◎主编









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# 出境领队英语

主编朱华副主编闻华/王雪霏

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# 内容简介

本书是在新修订的《中华人民共和国旅游法》的基础上,为满足大专院校教学、旅游企业培训、导游转型成为出境领队编写而成。本书采用"互联网"教材的编写理念。融视、听、说、读、写、译为一体,通过扫描二维码,即可获取出境领队英语的视、听、说、读、写、译等教学资源。本书以出境领队带因为主线。按领队业务操作流程编写教学内容、涵盖领队服务全过程。包括"出团前的准备""中国出境""飞行途中""抵达目的地""联系地陷""下榻酒店""观光娱乐""购物与自由活动""安全与应急处理""高缐回国"等内容。通过听说、写译、模拟、视频解读、案例分析,角色扮演等,学生可以实现领队英语能力和领队专业能力双融通、双提升。为了方便教学,除了二维码中的教学资源外、本书不为任课教师都供教案和电子课件等。

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# Chapter

# 出团前的准备

**Preparations Before Departure** 

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# Learning Focus

- Case Study
- Annovance from Pre-departure Briefing
- Listening Comprehension
   Tips for Tour Leader Before Departure
- ◆ Situational Dialogue
  - Task 1-1 Preparations Before Going Abroad
    - -Visa Application
  - Task 1-2 Contact the Local Guide
    - -Confirming Tourists' Information
  - Task 1-3 Pre-departure Briefing
    - -ABC about Tourist Behavior
  - Task 1-4 Transfer Formalities with the Tour Operator
    - -Transferring Necessary Formalities
  - Task 1-5 Taboos for the Tour Leader
    - -Instructions from the Manager Before Departure
- ◆ ABC about Destination Countries
- ABC about Singapore
- The about bingapore
- Consolidation
  - Practical Writing: Invitation for Pre-departure Briefing Translation for Tour Leader

- ◆ 案例分析
  - 行前说明会带来的烦恼
  - ◆ 听力训练
  - 领队离境准备建议
  - ◆ 情景对话
  - ①出国前的准备
    - ---申请签证
    - ②联系地陪
    - --确认游客信息
    - ③行前说明会
    - --游客行为举止知识
    - ④与计调交接
    - ---交接相关手续
    - ⑤领队带团禁忌
  - ----经理行前谈话
  - ▶目的地国家概况
  - 新加坡概况
  - ◆ 巩固练习

应用文写作: 行前说明会邀请函 领队翻译



# Part One Case Study 第一部分: 案例分析

# Annoyance from Pre-departure Briefing 行前说明会带来的烦恼

An international travel service had a packaged tour for 30 tourists to the United Arab Emirates. The tour leader should have made a pre-departure briefing and operated in accordance with the requirements of The Travel Service Quality for Outbound Tourism. As an experienced tour leader, he often took groups around the world, so he thought it was unnecessary to have a pre-departure briefing. Instead, he planned to conduct the briefing at the airport where he could speak to all of them. However, the tourists arrived at the airport from different places at different times, so he had to hurriedly make a simple and short briefing to them respectively.

After he introduced the related matters the tour leader handed out the relevant materials to the tourists. Being busy with check-in, he had no time to explain the details to Mr. Huang who arrived late. It was not until they reached the destination country that he gave him the travel schedule, talking briefly about the travel tips.

Mr. Huang traveled abroad for the first time. Being curious, he took pictures of the local women with veils without getting their permission. It was a serious offence, and a conflict with local residents happened. He was beaten and injured. Consequently, he had to fly home earlier Back in China, Mr. Huang requested the travel service to do an apology, reimburse his medical expenses and compensate for his emotional distress because the tour leader didn't tell him the notice to visitors in the destination country before departure.



扫一扫,看译文。

- Study the case carefully. Decide whether the following statements are true or false and write T for true and F for false.
- (1) Because the tour leader often took groups abroad, it was not necessary to have a briefing.
- (2) The tourists arrived at the airport at different time, so the tour leader had to make simple and short briefings to different groups at different time.
- (3) The tourists could take pictures of the Arab women with veils in the public.



1 有答案

Divide the class into several groups for a brief discussion. One student makes a presentation of the main points and the others give comments on the presentation.

#### Discussions:

1) flow would you handle the case if you were a tour leader?	
2) Try to put forward more suggestions to the tour leader who is handling the cultural conflic	ct.
D	

3	③	33/
4	4	
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# 小知识

# 领队出团前的准备

领队出发输入应当准备好以下与出团相关的各种资料、表格和物品、以备境外带团使用;

- 1. \游客情况一览表: 注明团队成员基本信息和必要联系方式, 如电话号码等。
- 2. 境外住房名单表,对于散客应考虑单位、年龄、职位等综合因素进行分房。
- 3. 团队行程计划,如有必要,可与前往国家接待社的地籍确认行程计划。
- 4. 前往国家(地区)海关申报表:预先准备此表,以方便游客出入境申报物品。
- 5. 联系人电话表:前往国家接待社经理、地陷的联系方式和组团社责任人的联系方式。
- 6. 护照、签证、机票、导游旗等。
- 7. 个人生活用品:药品、雨具、洗漱用品等。

# Part Two Listening Comprehension

第二部分: 听力训练

# Words and Expressions

destination	n.	目的地,终点	transfer	ν.	迁移,移交
surname	n.	姓	luggage	n.	行李
currency	n.	货币,通货	procedure	n.	手续,程序

# Tips for the Tour Leader Before Departure 领队离境准备建议

1. Listen to the passage and fill in the blanks with the missing information.



扫·扫、听·听。

ELECTION AND ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PR
Advise the tour leader to (1) The
tour leaders takes all of these to the counter. The agent wants to know (2)
and the exact number of bags (check-in bags) (3)
It is a good idea to check luggage through to the final destination if you have to change
flights since it saves (4)
Take the luggage tags correctly, and write down the names of tourists (5)
and keep them properly. When the tour leaders receives the
boarding passes, advise the tour leaders to sort them out and (6)
Advise the tourists to change some Renminbi (yuan) to US dollars or (7)
after the check-in procedure is done.
■松城 <b>■</b>



扫·扫、有答案。

2. Listen to the passage again, and try to summarize the suggestions in your own words.

# 第三部分:情景对话

# Words and Expressions

emergency	n.	紧急情况	reserve	ν.	预留,保留
confirm	ν.	确认	shameful	adj.	不体面的
haggle	ν.	讨价还价	intrusion	n.	打扰
formality	n.	手续	vaccination	n.	接种疫苗
first aid		紧急救护	negotiate	$\nu$ .	协商
log	n.	日志	taboo	71.	禁忌

# Task 1-1 Preparations Before Going Abroad 出国前的准备

# Visa Application 申请签证

 Listen to the dialogue and write numbers in the blanks to show the correct order of the conversation.



#### (C=Clerk: T=Tour Leader)

- \_\_\_\_(1) C: when will you leave?
  - (2) T: Yes, I'm a tour leader of the International Travel Agency. I'd like to apply for 30 visas in my group. Here are the passports.
- \_\_\_\_(3) C: Good morning, sir. What can I do for you?
  - (4) T: Just on this Friday.
- \_\_\_\_ (5) C: OK. Where will you go? And what's your travel plan?
- (6) T: We are going to Paris for one week. We have reserved flight tickets and hotels, and we also have the detailed plan.
  - \_ (7) C: Congratulations. Have a nice trip!
- \_\_\_\_\_(8) C: Have you been a tour leader before? Do you know what you will do in case of emergencies?
  - \_\_ (9) T: Of course. I have been a tour leader for 5 years and I know much about it.



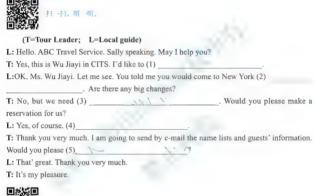
扫·扫、有答案。

Listen to the dialogue again, and act it out with your deskmate. Pay attention to your body language.

#### Task 1-2 Contact the Local Guide 联系地陪

### Confirming Tourists' Information 确认游客信息

 Listen to the dialogue and fill in blanks with the missing words or phrases you've just heard.





1 扫、有答案。

Listen to the dialogue again and choose the most courteous expression suitable to the situation from the choices.

(T=Tour Leader; L=Local guide)

L: Hello, I am Sally, Who are you?

A. Hello, This is sally speaking. Can I help you?

B. Hello. I am Sally. What can I do for you?

C. Hello. Sally's speaking. What's your name?

T: I am Wu Jiayi in CITS. I want to confirm information with you.

A. Yes. I am Wu Jiayi in CITS. I need your help to confirm guests' information.

- B. Yes. I am Wu Jiayi in CITS. Would you mind confirming guests' information with me?
- C. Yes. This is Wu Jiayi in CITS. I hope you can confirm guest's information with me.

### L:OK, Ms.Wu Jiayi. No problem.

- A. OK, Wu Jiayi. I'd like to.
- B. Sure, Wu Jiayi. I'd love to solve the problem for you.
- C. Sure, Ms. Wu Jiayi. Willing to work for you.

#### T: We have a group of 30 members. Do you know that?

- A. Thank you for your cooperation. We have a group of 30 members. Are you sure of that?
- B. Many Thanks. We have a group of 30 members. Have you kept it in mind?
- C. Thanks. We have a group of 30 members. I need your reconfirmation.

# L: I need you to reconfirm the information.

- A. Would you please reconfirm the information?
- B. Your reconfirmation is needed.
- C. You should have reconfirmed the information.



Task 1-3 Pre-departure Briefing 行前说明会

# ABC about Tourist Behavior 游客行为举止小知识

1. Listen to the dialogue and answer the following questions.



扫一扫、听一听。

- (1) What kind of behaviors is regarded as a shameful one?
- (2) What should we do when we go shopping?
- (3) What questions should we avoid asking the local people?



6. 4

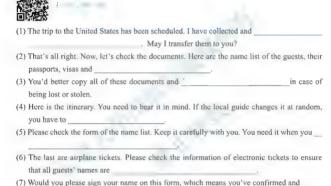
Listen to the dialogue again and discuss with your group about what we should do when we travel in London.

Task 1-4 Transfer Formalities with the Tour Operator 与计调交接

# Transferring Necessary Formalities 交接相关手续

(8) By the way, it is very important to keep the log

 Listen to the dialogue and write down the relevant information you've heard.





Role play: One student plays the role of the tour leader while another plays the role of the operator who is transferring the documents and necessary formalities.

# Task 1-5 Taboos for the Tour Leader 领队带团禁忌

# Instructions from the Manager Before Departure 经现行前谈话

1. Listen to the dialogue and fill in blanks with the missing words or phrases you've just heard.



(T=Tour Leader; M=Manager)		
M: Hello, Wu Jiayi. Do you have time?		
T: Of course.		
M: Last time, I suggested something you	should pay attention to abo	ut the trip. Here, I would
like to share with you other important issu	es.	
T: Great, (1)	was really helpful. I would	like to learn more.
M: OK, you need to pay attention to (2)_	17.7	, try your best to
(3) ar	nd make them clear of conv	entions, regulations, (4)
T: I'll try my best to make every tourist co	omfortable.	
M: Good, you'd better not (5)	when you re	turn. Are you clear?
T: Yes, of course. I will take care of every	thing.	
M: OK. If everything is fine, I will see you	in ten days. But most impor	tantly, ensure every guest
will (6)		



T: I understand.

1 11 4.

Discussion: Role play this dialogue with your partner, and discuss if there are other taboos that the tour leader should introduce to the tourists.

# Part Four ABC about Destination Countries 第四部分:目的地国家概况

# Singapore 新加坡

Singapore, officially the Republic of Singapore, became independent from Malaysia on 9th August, 1965. Then it has been a sovereign (主权), democratic and independent state. The

nation of immigrants, including the local, Chinese, Malays, Indians, Europeans and Americans, has its multi-culture. So to promote racial harmony is the core policy of the government.

Singapore is not just one island but a main island with 63 surrounding islets(小岛). The main island has a total land area of 682 square km. In just 150 years, Singapore has grown into a thriving centre of commerce and industry. Its former role as an entrepot (集散地) has diminished, as the Republic has increased its manufacturing (制造) base. It has also become one of the most important financial centres of Asia, with more than 130 banks.

The country of Singapore is also a city, which is known as the Garden City. The Singapore River flows across the city, whose banks are the first choice for immigrants. At the estuary of the river stands the "Merlion" (鱼尾鰤) made of white stone, which is the most national personification of the Singapore. The famous attractions also include Gardens by the Bay (滨海湾花园), Bukit Timah Nature Reserve (武吉知马自然保护区), Clarke Quay (克拉码头), Geylang Serai (芽笼士乃港湾) and so on.

Singapore is also a paradise of food, owing to its multi-culture and rich history and the cuisines, including Bak kut Teh(肉骨茶), Nasi Lemak(椰浆饭), Laksa(切抄), Chendol (珍多) and many other dishes, influenced by China, India, and other countries.

Business dealings are facilitated by Singapore's superb communications network which links the Republic to the rest of the world via satellite (卫星), 24-hour telegraph and telephone systems. Singapore's strategic location, excellent facilities, fascinating cultural contrasts and tourist attractions contribute to its success as a leading destination for both business and pleasure.

#### Read the passage aloud and choose the best answer to complete each statement.

1.	Singapore consists of	ı£		
	A. a main island wit	h 63 surrounding islets	B. an island	
	C. 63 surrounding is	lets	D. 63 islands	
2.	Which one of the fo	llowing is the antonym of	"diminish" in the	passage?
	A. decrease	B. increase	C. minimize	D. lessen
3.	Singapore is the bus	iest port in the world with	over 600 shipping li	nes sending .
	A. super tankers		B. passengers liner	S
	C. container ships		D. All of the above	
4.	Based on the text,	which of the following st	atements is NOT th	ne reason for Singapore
	being a leading desti	ination for both business a	nd pleasure?	
	A. fascinating cultur	al contrasts	B. excellent faciliti	es
	C. strategic location		D. top companies	



# Watch the short video twice, and complete the following requirements.

- Step 1: Divide the class into groups, and ask each student to take a note of what he or she has watched or heard. Compare the notes with his/her deskmate.
- Step 2: Make a brief summary of the destination country based on the information in the passage you've read as well as the video you've watched.

)		
2)		
3)	~	
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5)	-57	



# Part Five Consolidation 第五部分: 巩固练习

Practical Writing 应用文写作

# Invitation for Pre-departure Briefing 行前说明会激请函

All tourists who will be joining the tour group are invited to attend the Briefing. The Briefing will be conducted by the tour leader of the travel service. This is an opportunity for tourists to ask questions and to be informed of important issues before leaving for the

#### destination.

Suppose you are the tour leader, write out a notice for a pre-departure briefing according to the outline given below. Pay attention to the format of the invitation.

#### Outline:

- (1) Time for the briefing: 3:00 p.m. August 3rd, 2013
- (2) Place: the multi-functional meeting room of the Travel Service
- (3) Content: Pre-departure briefing and the importance of the briefing
- (4) Participants: tourists who have joined the trip



扫一扫,有答案。

#### Translation for the Tour Leader 知以翻译

- 1. Translate the following sentences into English with the words or phrases given.
- (1) 领队应在行前说明会上介绍旅行细节、分发(distribute)资料。
- (2) 请注意: 如果您不参加旅游,将承担(bear)各项实际发生的一切费用。
- (3) 我代表中国国际旅行社和我们的司机,向大家表示最热烈的欢迎。
- (4) 我随团(tourist group)旅行。吴佳仪女上是我们团的领队。
- (5) 领队应该接受任务,了解(get acquainted with)团队情况,熟悉案卷和接待计划。



扫一扫: 做翻译。

# 2. Translate the following sentences into Chinese with the words or phrases given.

- (1) When escorting the outbound tourists, a tour leader may sometimes meet some tourists who complain unreasonably because of their own bad manners. The tour leader should be neither humble or arrogant(不學不亢).
- (2) The possession of a passport is essential for an outbound travel.
- (3) "R", the first letter stands for (代表) "ready" which shows that the tour leader is constantly ready to serve tourists.
- (4) I've already applied for passports for my 15 distinguished guests (贵宾).
- (5) People think that I'm bilingual(及语的). They think that I know about everything in the world. If I am going to take a group to foreign countries, I should have got to know all the facts and the figures.



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# Chapter

# 中国出境

Departure from China

# Learning Focus 学习要点

- Case Study
   An Old Lady Halted by Security Check
- Listening Comprehension
   Boarding the Plane
- ◆ Situational Dialogue
  - Task 2-1 Airport Check-in
    - -At the Information Desk
  - Task 2-2 Luggage Check-in
    - -Luggage Missing
    - -Luggage Misplaced
    - -Luggage Check-in
  - Task 2-3 Ready for Boarding
    - -Airport Announcements
    - -Boarding Gate
- ◆ ABC about Destination Countries ABC about the United Kingdom
- Consolidation
- Practical Writing: Memorandum
  - Translation for Tour Leader

- ◆ 案例分析
- 老太太过安检受阻 ◆ 听力训练
- 登机.
- ◆ 情景对话
  - ①办理机场登机手续
    - 在询讯处
    - ②打运行李
    - 行客丢失
    - 行李错挂
    - ----行李托运
    - ③准备登机
    - ---机场广播
    - ----登机(i)
- ◆ 目的地国家概况 英国概况
- ◆ 巩固练习
  - 应用文写作:备忘录 领队翻译

# Part One Case Study 第一部分:案例分析

# An Old Lady Halted by Security Check 老太太过安检受阻

On the Labor's Day Miss. Lv Mengsha, an outbound tour leader took a group of 32 tourists to Australia to have a 7-day tour. They went through the security check at Shanghai Pudong International Airport. Unexpectedly, the contraband got them into trouble: an old lady who suffered from rheumatism brought 7 bottles of Chinese liquid herbal medicine with her. An airport security officer asked her to present the doctor's prescription, but she couldn't provide any. She said repeatedly the medicine was very important to her health and the tour leader didn't say anything about the contraband before the trip. At last, the officer asked the tour leader to take the lady to airport service counter to have the medicine checked and registered. Eventually, one bottle of medicine was allowed to be taken aboard while others were not allowed. The old lady became seriously ill when she traveled aboard. Back in China, she made a complaint against the tour leader and the travel service.



扫一扫,看译文。

- Study the case carefully. Decide whether the following statements are true or false and write T for true and F for false.
- The outbound tour leader got into trouble because tourists took with them traditional Chinese herbal medicines.
- (2) \_\_\_\_\_7 bottles of Chinese liquid herbal medicine were registered as contraband goods.
- (3) \_\_\_\_ The tour leader should be held responsible for the old lady's illness and should pay her for the medical expenses.



扫一扫,有答案。

Divide the class into several groups for a brief discussion. One student makes a presentation of the main points discussed and the others give comments on the presentation.

#### Discussions:

- (1) What should the tour leader do to discourage the tourists from taking with them the contraband goods?
- (2) Try to put forward more suggestions to the tour leader.

①	
②	
③	
4	
(F)	



1 . 14 14



#### **\知识 -**

### 办理出境口岸手续

- 1 = 1, 7 + 1, 5 + 1, 5 + 1, 6 + 4, 6 +
- 2. 《清点火数,联系未到闭友,确队其位置,催促其到达。
- 3. 交纳国际机场建设费(或客人自理), 12岁以下儿童免交。
- 4. 指导海办理海关申报的游客上红色通道,其他游客走绿色通道。
- 5. 前往指定柜台、清点行李数、统一办理登机手续、办理行李托运、检查登机牌。
- 6. 分发登机牌,提醒登机口和登机时间。
- 7. 过卫生检疫,出示黄皮书或购药的发票。提醒游客注意一米线,尊重现场工作人员。
- 8. 过边检时,按出境名单顺序通过,名单上没有的客人领填写出境卡。
- 9. 出境名单存收两份,边检存一份。
- 10. 带领游客过安检、候机、登机。



# Part Two Listening Comprehension 第二部分: 听力训练

# Words and Expressions

prior	adj.	优先的	attendant	n.	服务人员
designate	ν.	标明	buildup	п.	集结
stow	ν.	装,装载	luxury	n.	奢华

# Boarding the Plane 登机

1. Listen to the passage and fill in the blanks with the missing information.



#### 扫一扫, 听一听。

	atte <sup>n</sup> ti
(1)	Wait for the announcement to board. About half an hour prior to takeoff, the flight attendant will ① Boarding is done in sections,
	either by group/sections (designated with a letter) or by rows/seats. Check your boarding pass to see if you ②, and if not, wait for your row or a section of rows to be called.
(2)	Get your boarding pass checked. After waiting in line for boarding, there will be a flight attendant next to the entrance ①
(3)	Enter the aircraft. There is typically a buildup of passengers after the boarding pass check, so you may have to wait in line again before boarding the plane. Check your seat to make sure you are ④, and keep a lookout for your row number.
(4)	Stow your carry-on items. When you have located your seat, place your smaller bag on your chair, and look for available space in the overhead bins for ③
(5)	Get settled in. You're all done! Now it's time for you to  while you are carried away to your destination in luxury.
▣	松蕊目



रिकाल किंद

- Listen to the dialogue about boarding the plane and try to answer the following questions.
- (1) When will the flight attendant announce the boarding time?
- (2) Why do you need to keep your boarding pass out after having it checked?
- (3) Why do you have to wait in line before boarding the plane?



11 5 8

# **Part Three** Situational Dialogue 第三部分: 情景对话

# Words and Expressions

booth	n.	电话亭	upstairs X	d adv.	在楼上
claim tag		行李单	escalator (1)	n.	自动扶梯
terminal	n. 💉	航站楼	maintenance	n.	维修, 保养
exceed	-/x.	超出	typhoon	n.	台风
refrain	1	禁止	coropensation	n.	赔偿

Task 2-1 Airport Check-in 办理机场登机手续

# At the Information Desk 任何讯处

1. Listen to the dialogue and put the following responses in the correct order.



Clerk	Tour Leader
(1) Good afternoon, madam. May I help you?	A: 1:30 p.m.
(2) Go down to the far end of the lounge and you'll	B Could you tell me where I check in for the Flight
find the counter for flights to Tokyo.	NH 203 to Tokyo?
(3) What is the departure time of your flight?	C: Thanks.

(4) Let me see. It's 11:00 a.m. now. So they will start in about an hour.	D: Do you know when they begin to check in?
1(5) You'll find phone hooths unstairs, madam.	E: Thank you very much. By the way, where can I make a phone call?
(6) It's my pleasure.	



扫·扫、有答案。

2. Pair work: Listen to the dialogue again, repeat it sentence by sentence, and then role-play it in pairs.

# Task 2-2 Luggage Check-in 托运行李

# Luggage Missing 行李丢失

1. Listen to the dialogue and fill in the blanks with the information you hear.



扫 扫, 听 听,

# (T=Tang Ying, Tour Leader; S= Stewardess; C= Chen Ling, Tourist)

T: Excuse me, miss.		
S: Yes, may I help you?		
T: I'm Tang Ying, the	tour leader of CITS. One of our group members I	eft his briefcase
(1)at	the airport.	
S: If you can give me a	description, I'll ask our ground personnel to try to loca	ate it for you.
C: It's a (2)	with baggage claim tags. It has my name on it	too—Chen Ling.
It also has my address	in Hangzhou. I'll need it in Switzerland. It contains	some important
business papers.		
S: Are you sure you left	it in the departure lounge?	
C: Yes, I'm sure now.	When our flight was announced, I left it (3)	. I had
just bought a carton to ta	ke with me on the trip.	
S: I'm quite sure we can	find it then. Can you give me the name of your hotel	?
T: Yes. We'll be staying	at the Genevese Hilton Hotel (4)	
S: We'll probably get it or	tomorrow's flight. When it arrives in Geneva, we'll contact	you at Hilton.

T: Thank you, Miss. I really appreciate your help. We'll write down (5)

the name of our hotel and the exact dates we'll be staying there.

S: My pleasure.



扫一扫,有答案。

- 2. Listen to the dialogue again and perform it without looking at the books.

  Discuss with your partner about the alternative expressions.
- (1) Explain the problem.
- (2) Describe the luggage.
- (3) Give the name and address.
- (4) Show appreciation.

# Luggage Misplaced 行李错柱

1. Listen to the dialogue and answer the following questions.



- (1) Where shall we go if we can't find our luggage in the luggage claim area?
- (2) What kind of luggage did the tourist lose?
- (3) How to deal with the problem if the luggage is damaged?



2. Group work: role play with your partners according to the following setting.

Two actors: A. clerk of the airline B. tour leader

Some of your group members tell you that they can't find their luggage (2 big black backpacks and I small grey leather case). But these tourists can't speak English, so you help them to communicate with the clerks.

More information: FLT.No. SQ368 to Singapore. The luggage is misplaced on Flight KA217.

# Luggage Check-in 行李托运

1. Listen to the dialogue and write numbers in the blanks to show the correct order of the conversation.



# (C= Clerk; T= Tour Leader)

(1) C: I'm afraid not. It's overweight. One piece of carry-on baggage may not exceed
limit of 5 kg.
(2) T: Thank you very much.
(3) T: I see.
(4) T: Yes, we're here to check in for the flight to Sydney. Here are our tickets and
passports.
(5) C: May I help you, sir?
(6) T: Twenty pieces altogether. Can I take this traveling bag as a carry-on?
(7) C: Thank you, sir. Please put your baggage on the scale. How many pieces of
baggage do you want to check in?
(8) C: Here are twenty claim tags for your baggage and your passports.
RESE

2. Listen to the dialogue again, and act it out with your deskmate.

# Task 2-3 Ready for Boarding 准备登机

# Airport Announcements 机场广播

1. Listen to the dialogue carefully and fill in the table with correct information.



扫一扫, 听一听

The number of the delayed flight	
The reason for delay	
When is the plane scheduled to depart?	
When will the plane depart?	



### 扫·扫, 有答案

2. Listen to the announcements and put the following responses in the correct order



ž1 -ž1, 听 -听

- (1) Commencement of Boarding
- (2) Delay Due to Maintenance
- (3) Cancellations
- (4) Commencement of Check-in
- (5) Final Boarding Call



扫一扫,有答案

# Boarding Gate (注机门)

1. Listen to the dialogue and fill in the blanks with the information you hear.





# (T=Traveler; C=Clerk)

- T: Excuse me, I am going to take (1)\_\_\_\_\_, can you tell me where my boarding gate is?
- C: Let me see your ticket. OK, your flight is boarding (2)\_
- T: Thanks. But would you please tell me (3)
- C: Just go down the escalator and take the tram to the domestic terminal. Turn left
- (4) and follow the signs to your gate.



2. Pair work: Listen to the dialogue again, repeat it sentence by sentence, and then role-play it in pairs.

# Part Four ABC about Destination Countries 第四部分: 目的地国家概况

# The United Kingdom 英国

The United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, or UK lies between the North Atlantic Ocean (大西洋) and the North Sea, and comes within 35 km (22 miles) of the northwest coast of France, from which it is separated by the English Channel (英吉利海峡). It comprises the island of Great Britain (England, Scotland and Wales) and the northeastern one-sixth of the island of Ireland (Northern Ireland), together with many smaller islands. The United Kingdom has a total area of approximately 245,000 square kilometers.

The United Kingdom is a constitutional monarchy with a parliamentary democracy and its capital city is London. Great Britain, the dominant industrial and maritime power of the 19th century, played a leading role in developing parliamentary democracy (议会民主制)and in advancing literature and science. At its zenith (顶峰), the British Empire Stretched over one-fourth of the earth's surface.

Historically, indigenous British people were thought to be descended from the various ethnic groups that settled there before the 11th century: the Celts (凯尔特人), Romans, Anglo-Saxons(蓝格色撒完地人), Norse (挪威人) and the Normans (诺曼人). Welsh (藏尔士人) people could be the oldest ethnic group in the UK. The UK has a history of small-scale non-white immigration, with Liverpool having the oldest black population in the country dating back to at least the 1730s during the period of the African slave trade. The UK also has the oldest Chinese community in Europe, dating to the arrival of Chinese seamen (水手) in the 19th century. In 2016, 31.4% of primary and 27.9% of secondary pupils at state schools in England were members of an ethnic minority.

Forms of Christianity (基督教) have dominated religious life in what is now the United Kingdom for over 1400 years. But immigration and demographic change have contributed to the growth of other faiths, most notably Islam, which lead the UK described as a multi-faith, secularised, or post-Christian society. For tourists, the Church of England ranks one of the top places to go.

It is well-known that the UK has rich tourism resources, attributing to its history, religion and culture. Besides the capital city London, if you want to experience the traditional British style of its architecture and customs, Windsor (温莎), Eton (伊顿), Oxford (牛津), and Cambridge (剑桥) must be the best. If you have a fond of mediaeval cities (中占小城), the Bath (巴斯), York(约克) and Winchester (温彻斯特) are worthy of going. And if you just snatch leisure from a busy life and want to have a good holiday, you cannot miss the Windermere (温德米尔) and Grasmere (格拉斯米尔).

You can't fail to be excited by London's amazing attractions. See the city from above on the London Eye (伦敦眼); meet a celebrity at Madame Tussaud (杜莎夫人蜡像馆); examine the world's most precious treasures at the British Museum (大英博物馆) or come face-to-face with dinosaurs at the Natural History Museum (自然历史博物馆).

From the modern London Eye, to the historic Tower of London, the top 10 tourist attractions in London are a must-see on any London sightseeing trip. Even better, many London landmarks are free to visit, while others are available with discounted entry or special offers when using a London Pass (於第一卡道).

There are also plenty of kid-friendly places to visit in London. Get up close and personal with underwater creatures at SEALIFE London Aquarium (伦敦水族馆) or explore the Science Museum (科学博物馆), London's interactive hub of science and technology. Both are perfect for fun family days out in London.

You could also soak up some culture at London museums, visit the Queen at Buckingham Palace (自会议常), or take the perfect picture with Big Ben (太本钟).

#### Read the passage aloud and choose the best answer to complete each statement.

- 1. The U.K. consists of
  - A. England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland
  - B. England, Scotland and Northern Ireland
  - C. England, Scotland and Wales
  - D. Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland
- 2. The Channel links the UK with
  A. Switzerland
  B. Germany
  - C. Italy
- 3. Based on the text, which of the following statements is NOT correct?
  - A. People prefer to have a leisurely vacation in London, York, Windermere and Winchester.
  - B. Tourists can see many buildings in traditional English style in Oxford and Cambridge.

D. France

- C. The UK also has the oldest Chinese community in Europe, dating to the 19th century.
- D. York and Winchester used to be mediaeval cities in the United Kingdom.
- 4. is most well-known museums in London, one of must-see attractions.
  - A. Science Museum
- B. Madame Tussaud

C. British Museum

D. Natural History Museum



1 1. 4 .

#### Watch the short video twice, and complete the following requirements.

- Step 1: Divide the class into groups, and ask each student to take a note of what he or she has watched or heard. Compare the notes with his/her deskmate.
- Step 2: Make a brief summary of the destination country based on the information in the passage you've read as well as the video you've watched.

Summary:		
(1)		
(2)		
(3)		
(4)	, X	
(5)	100	



扫一扫,看视频,二号

# Part Five Consolidation 第五部分: 巩固练习

# Practical Writing 应用文写作

# Memorandum 备忘录

Memo writing is practically a requirement in the company. Memoranda or memos are business messages, which transmit information to those within a company. Memos are a form of internal correspondence for employees. Unlike letters, there is no need to address each individual in the company. Furthermore, as a tour leader, it's necessary to acquire such skills to pass information.

Suppose you are the tour operator Lisa. According to the given information, you need to finish the following memo, and remind Mr. Li to pass the message to Jason who will be back to the company in the afternoon.

#### Outline:

- 1. There will be a training course on "How to Help Tourists to Get through Security Check Quickly".
- The time and date of the course is 3:00 P.M., on September 1st. The place is the First Conference Room.
  - 3. Jason is asked to attend the training course.
  - 4. Lisa's phone number is 12345678901.

	Memo
To:	
From:	
From:Subject:	
	3000

#### Sample:

Memo

To: Tobby, Tour Operator

From: Wang Jing, Tour Operator

Subject: The Change of Departure Time

The departure time of "5.1 Tour to Hong Kong, Macao, Taiwan" has changed to 3:00 p.m. 1st, May. Please tell Zhang Jie the change of time, ask him to communicate with tourists immediately and try to get their understanding and cooperation. Besides, my e-mail address is touroperator@travel.com. You are welcome to contact me at any time.



1 / ' .

#### Translation for the Tour Leader 领队翻译

- Translate the following sentences into English with the words or phrases given.
- (1) 请把您的健康证明和防疫证明(Vaccination Certificate)给我看一下。
- (2) 请问在哪里换登机牌? 给行李称重(weigh)?

#### 出暗领队基语

- (3) 您可以随身带一件手提行李(hand luggage) 上机。
- (4) 旅客们请注意、泰国航空公司(Thai Airways)飞往曼谷的454次航班就要起飞了,请乘 坐这次航班的旅客到7号门登机。
- (5) 您的行李箱需要经过X光(X-ray)检查,贴上验放标签(label)。



1 1 . 5 1 .

- Translate the following sentences into Chinese with the words or phrases given.
- (1) Please go through one by one according to the order of the name list (名单).
- (2) Is this check-in counter for taking Flight NH (全日空) 203 to Tokyo?
- (3) Which belt (传送带) is for the baggage form Flight BA 328?
- (4) Your baggage exceeds the free baggage allowance(限额).
- (5) Go down the escalator at the end of the hallway, and the baggage claim is on your right.



打·打,做翻译

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## Chapter

## 飞行途中 On the Flight

#### Learning Focus 学习要点

- Case Study
- A Theft During the Flight
- ◆ Listening Comprehension A Bulkhead Seat
- Situational Dialogue
  - Task 3-1 In-flight Service
    - -Asking for Chinese Newspaper
    - -Asking for Change of Seats
    - -Inquiries about In-flight Facilities
  - Task 3-2 In-flight Meals
    - -Ordering Main Course
    - -Asking for a Refill of Soft Drink
  - Task 3-3 Taking Care of the Sick Tourists
    - -Asking for Blankets
      - -Beating Jet Lag
    - Task 3-4 Preparations Before Landing
      - -Inquires about Ground Information
        - -Inquires about Destination
- ABC about Destination Countries
- ABC about Canada
- Consolidation
  - Practical Writing: Arrival Form /Entry Form Translation for Tour Leader

- 案例分析 机上盗窃案
- 听力训练 紧急通道座位
- 情景对话
  - ①机上服务 索要中文报纸
    - 要求换座位
  - 询问机上设备

  - ②机上就餐
  - ---要求加软饮料
  - ③照看身体不适的游客
  - 要求加毛毯
  - ——倒时差
  - ④ 飞机着陆前的准备
  - - -- 询问目的地情况
- 目的地国家概况 加拿大概况
- 巩固练习
- 应用文写作: 出入境表 **输队翻译**

## Part One Case Study 第一部分:案例分析

#### A Theft During the Flight 机上盗窃案

On the flight from Beijing to San Francisco, a thief on board pretended to be a tourist and disguised himself among tour members. He sat beside a tourist and began to talk with him. At first, the tourist didn't talk much, but the thief could always find some topics to chat, gradually the tourist stayed less alert and began to chat with that thief like old friends, and the thief got to know more about the tourist from their conversation. When the plane stopped ascending and reached the cruising altitude, the tourist began to take a nap. At this moment, the thief pretended to open his own baggage looking for something while he secretly opened the tourist's baggage. After searching for a while, he stole 8000 yuan in cash and a valuable camera. Luckily, another tourist happened to witness the process, but he didn't say any words until the plane reached the destination. When the thief was leaving, the witness caught the thief, while asking the stewardess to call the police. After investigation, police found that he was a petty thief, often committing crimes on the plane.



扫一扫,看译文

### Study the case carefully. Decide whether the following statements are true or false and write T for true and F for false.

- (1) All the passengers are friends when they are aboard the plane.
- (2) \_\_\_\_\_ In order to kill the time, the tour members can talk about any topics they like with other passengers.
- (3) \_\_\_\_\_ It is quite safe when you are abroad because the flight attendants is around and will take care of your personal properties.
- (4) If the tour members lose their carry-on luggage or valuables aboard they can gain some compensation from the airline.
- (5) \_\_\_\_\_ The tour leader is not to blame for the loss of any personal valuables aboard because he is not the air policeman.



1 1 1 2

Divide the class into several groups for a brief discussion. One student makes a presentation of the main points discussed and the others give comments on the presentation.

**Discussions:** What could the tour leader do to avoid the possible theft aboard?

#### Comments:

- (1)
- (2)
- (3)
- (4)\_

打一打, 有答案



#### 小知识

#### 飞行途中领队的工作

- 旅游的空中飞行时间通常校长\\\\\被步则。两个小时、多则数小时,甚至10多个小时、领 队应充分利用机工的时间、殊意团队。在这段时间内、舒队可以做的事情包括:
  - (1)再次预习接待计划,对游览城市之间的衔接、转换龙具韦特别注意。
    - (2)拿出资料、相关书籍、预习行程中不熟悉的城市和旅游员
    - (4)季(以)火雪、湿入(4)种、(火雪)(1)火工(4)火造(1)种类(4)和水(
    - (3)及时记录出境时发生的问题。
    - (4)与游客交谈、融洽关系。
  - (5)为游客提供乘机诸项帮助和服务。如协助游客调换座位、关照游客的特殊用餐要求、熟
- 悉飞机上的救生设备, 回答游客的其他提问, 帮助游客填写人境表格等。

# Part Two Listening Comprehension 第二部分: 听力训练

#### Words and Expressions

bulkhead	n.	隔板	armrest	n.	扶手
partition	n.	分开; 隔墙	adjust	ν.	调整
section	n.	部分	automatically	adv.	自动地
recline	ν.	斜倚	complicated	adj.	复杂的
legroom	п.	放脚的空间	monitor	n.	监视器
stow	ν.	装载	destination	n.	目的地

## 1. Listen to the passage and fill in the blanks with the missing information.



扫 扫, 听 听,

## A Bulkhead Seat 紧急通道座位

A bulkhe	ad is the physical	partition that (1)		a plane into
different class	es or sections. Bul	khead seats are the	seats located directly	y behind the bulkhead
separators. Wi	th no seat in front	of you, no one can	recline (2)	
This usually i	nakes it easier to	enter and exit you	r seat during flight	too. Some bulkhead
seats provide	(3)		If the bulkhead v	wall is situated very
				nead seats will enjoy
				the way to the floor,
(5)				,
. ,	nrovide space fo	r you to (6)	131	and sometimes
				s allow you to store
			-	pendent.) While cut-
				ou are on an aircraft
				t's armrest because
				mrest enables you to
				ome passengers like to
				ot be done when there
is a seat in from		,	something that cann	or be done when there
is a scat in iro	it of you.			
	△扫,有答案			
		e words and exp	essions given be	elow. Change their
forms whe	en necessary.			
bulkhead	divide	partition	recline	stow
adjust	provide	stretch	armrest	carry-on
(1) The person	al television may l	oe stored in the seat'	s	
(2) We recomm	nend that you keep	your laptop in your	bag whe	n traveling.
(3) Your bagga	ige will be	safely away in th	e plane.	
(A) If you are	seated uncomfortal	oly, you may try to	vour seat.	
(4) 11 you are s		,, ,	2	

(5) The extra space enables passengers to	their legs.
(6) A is designed to separate fir	st class cabin from economy class one.
(7) No passenger into your space	e, because no seat is in front of you.
(8) The separator has a function of	a plane into different classes or sections.
(9) The seat located directly behind the se	parators the extra space.
(10) The separator is the physical	that makes passengers enjoy extra space.

## Part Three Situational Dialogue

第三部分: 情景对话

#### Words and Expressions

lavatory	n.	盥洗室	atrsickness	n.	晕机
vomit	ν.	呕吐	turn down		调低
value meal		套餐 、	chili paste		辣椒酱
beverage	n.	饮料	delay	Jes	延迟
take off		起飞、	due to	V	由于
charge	n.	費用	infer	ν.	推断

## Task 3-1 In-flight Service 机上服务

#### Asking for Chinese Newspaper 索要中文报纸

 Listen to the dialogue and write numbers in the brackets to show the correct order of the conversation.



#### (T=Tour Leader; S=Stewardess)

- S: The lavatories are in the rear of this section, sir.
- S: How about New York Times and Washington Post?
- S: Not many, only People's Daily. Would you like some copies?
- T: Yes, please. That's very kind of you.
  - T: I see. Thank you, Miss. By the way, have you got something for us to read?

#### 出境领队革语

- T: Excuse me, Miss, where is the lavatory?
- T: I'm sorry. Some tourists of our group can't speak English. Do you have any Chinese newspapers or magazines?



1 1 7 4

Listen to the dialogue again, and act it out with your deskmate. Pay attention to your body language.

#### Asking for Change of Seats要求换座位

 Listen to the dialogue carefully and complete the following sentences in your own words.



扫一扫, 听一听

- (1) Henry asked the tour leader to
- (2) The lady needed to change the seat because
- (3) The stewardess didn't agree to change the seat at first, because
- (4) The tour leader suggested that the stewardess might ask other passenger to
- (5) The stewardess asked the lady to hold the airsick bag lest



1 1 2

Role play: Act it out with your partner and make dialogue between the stewardess and the passenger who was asked to exchange the seat.

Inquiries about In-flight Facilities询问机上设备

1. Listen to the dialogue and fill in blanks with what you've just heard.



扫一扫, 听一听。

T: Hello, stewardess.
S: Hello, sir. (1)?
T: I feel cold. I want you to turn down the air-conditioner.
S: OK. No problem. (2)
<b>T:</b> Thank you. (3)?
S: Look at this. (4)
T: OK. Thank you.
S: What's more?
T: No, thanks.
S: OK.
Listen to the dialogue again and choose the most courteous expression that
is suitable to the situation from the choices below.
is suitable to the situation from the choices below.
(T=Tour Leader; S=Stewardess)
T: I feel cold. I want you to turn down the air-conditioner.
(1)
A. I feel cold. Could you help me turn down the air-conditioner?
B. I feel cold. Why not turn down the air-conditioner?
C. I feel cold. Help me turn down the air-conditioner.
C OV N II (0)
S: OK. No problem. (2)
A. OK, I will adjust the air flow.
B. I'm very sorry to hear that. I will adjust the air flow for you right now.
C. Never mind. I will adjust the air flow.
T: Thank you, (3)
A. Thank you. But you should have turned on the light.
B. Thank you very much. By the way, I am wondering if you can turn on the light for me.
can't find buttons.
C. Turn on the light now! Thank you.

(T=Tour Leader; S=Stewardess)

#### 出暗领队革运

- S: What's more? (4)
- A. I'm very busy now.
- B. It's my pleasure. Please feel free to call us if you have any questions.
- C. This is my duty. Please don't hesitate to call us.
- S: OK. (5)
- A. At your service.
- B. That's all right.
- C. That's it.



扫一扫,有答,

#### Task 3-2 In-flight Meals 机上就等

#### Ordering Main Course 点主菜

1. Listen to the dialogue and put the following responses in the correct order.



扫一扫, 听一听

#### Stewardess

- (1) It's my pleasure. Enjoy your meal.
- (2) Please put down the table in front of you, It's more comfortable that way.
- (3) It is beef. Do you like it?
- (4) You are welcome. Please press that button if you need any help.
- (5) Excuse me, sir. What would you like to
- have, Chinese food or western food?
- (6) OK, enjoy yourself, sir.



#### Tour Leader

- A. Oh, thank you. So nice you are.
- B. That's OK. Thanks very much.
- COK
- D. I'd like to have Chinese food.
- E. Thanks a lot. Oh, excuse me. Can I take two value meals? And I want some chili pastc.
- F. Oh, Sorry to bother you. I want to know what kind of meat it is.



扫一扫,有答案

2. Divide the class into groups of two or three students, and do the dialogue again.

#### Asking for a Refill of Soft Drink要求加软饮料

1. Listen to the dialogue and answer the following questions.



#1 -#1, 听 -听

- (1) What does the guest want to have?
- (2) Which beverage is free of charge?
- (3) Aside from mineral water, could you list more free beverages?



2. Role play: One student plays the role of the flight attendant while another plays the role of the tour leader who asks for free drinks.

Task 3-3 Taking Care of the Sick Tourists 照看身体不适的游客

Asking for Blankets 要求加毛毯

1. Listen to the dialogue and choose the best answer accordingly.



- (1) What is the possible relation between the two speakers?
  - A. Husband and wife
  - C. Boss and clerk

B. Teacher and student

D. Stewardess and tour leader

- (2) What does the man ask for?
  - A. airflow

B. blanket

C. favor

D. help



扫一扫,有答案。

2. Listen to the dialogue again, rearrange the order of pictures. Describe the following pictures according to the right order.









1 / 1

#### Beating Jet Lag 倒时差

1. Listen to the dialogue and match the right picture accordingly.



1 1.

When did the tourists arrive at New York? What time was it in Beijing? Choose the right picture given below.







Α.

B.

C.



扫·扫,有答案。

Role play: Suppose you are a tour leader and your classmates are tourists from Beijing. Ask the tourists to reset their watch to New York time when they arrive at the destination.

Task 3-4 Preparations Before Landing 飞机着陆前的准备

#### Inquires about Ground Information 询问地面情况

1. Listen to the dialogue and make some predictions accordingly.



**5** 

(1) According to the dialogue, you are requested to infer the season of Beijing.

A. Summer B. Autumn C. Spring

D. Winter

(2) The first picture shows the ground condition of the destination. If you take flight from Auckland to Beijing, figure out what season it is in Beijing. Choose the correspondent picture from the choices below.







(3) When the guests arrive at Auckland, what is the most suitable clothes for them to wear according to the weather in Auckland? Choose the right one from the following pictures.









#### 扫一扫,有答案。

Role play: Suppose you are the tour leader, tell the tour members the ground weather conditions before landing.

#### Inquires about Destination询问目的地情况

1. Listen to the dialogue and make some predictions accordingly.



(1)	According to the	dialogue, can you infer t	he Beijing Time wh	en the tour leader arrives	11
	New York?				
	A. 7:50 p.m.	B. 6:50 a.m.	C 5:50 a.m.	D. 7: 40 a.m.	
(2)	According to the	lialogue, the tour leader	may have	after arrival.	
	A. lunch	B. breakfast	C. supper	D. brunch	
(3)	Tourists arrive at 1	New York on	of leaving.		
	A. the next day	B. the same day	C. the last day	D. the early day	



## 扫一扫, 有答案

Role play: Suppose you are the guest and the tour leader. Make a dialogue about the weather on the ground before your plane lands the airport.

# Part Four ABC about Destination Countries 第四部分:目的地国家概况

#### Canada 加拿大

Located in the northern part of the North America, Canada is a country consisting of 10 provinces and 3 territories. Extending from the Atlantic(大西洋)to the Pacific(太平洋)and northward into the Arctic Ocean(北冰洋), Canada is the world's second largest country with total area of 9.98 million square kilometers, and its common border with the United States is the world's longest land border shared by two countries. With a population of approximately 35 million, it is one of the world's most ethnically diverse and multicultural nations, the

product of large-scale immigration from many countries.

Canada is a federal parliamentary democracy(议会民主制)and a constitutional monarchy(君主立宪制)with Queen Elizabeth II(伊丽莎白 二世女王)as its head of state. However, the Queen is primarily figurehead. The real executive power is exercised by the Prime Minister and Cabinet(内阁). The country is officially bilingual(双语)at the federal level. English and French have equal status as official languages. To become a citizen one must be able to speak either English or French.

Canada is a developed country and one of the wealthiest in the world. Relying chiefly upon its abundant natural resources and well-developed trade networks, its economy is one of the largest in the world, with the eighth highest per capita income(人均收入)globally. Canada's long and complex relationship with the United States has had a significant impact on its economy and culture.

As the second largest country in the world with a land mass that covers five time zones, Canada offers plenty of destinations for travelers Canada has cosmopolitan(大都会) cities and a rich, interesting French heritage(遗产), each offering its own Canadian urban experience, from the laid back charm of Vancouver(温新华)to the sophisticated European flair of Montreal(蒙特利尔)and Quebec City(魁北克城). Canada's capital city is Ottawa(繼太华), Ontario, famous for its cultured yet friendly atmosphere. Often mistaken for the nation's capital, Toronto(多伦多)is probably the best known Canadian city, in large part due to the Toronto International Film Festival, the CN Tower(加拿大国家电视塔)and major sports franchises, including the Blue Jays(蓝鸟棒球队), the Toronto Maple Leafs(多伦多枫叶队)and the Raptors(釜伦豹人).

In addition to city destinations, a wide-ranging geography shapes exceptional natural beauty, wide open spaces, mountains and waterways, making this country ideal for many sports and outdoor adventures. Whether you are looking for nice hiking trails, golf courses or want to up the thrill(機能) factor by heli-skiing or dog-sledding, Canada has a vacation for you.

Read the passage aloud and choose the best answer to complete each statement.

(1)	Canada	is one	ot	the	world	s m	lost	ethnically	diverse	and	mul	ticultui	ral :	nations,	because
-----	--------	--------	----	-----	-------	-----	------	------------	---------	-----	-----	----------	-------	----------	---------

- A. it has the population of approximately 35 million
- B. it is world's second largest country
- C. it shares the world's longest land border with the United States
- D. many people immigrate from other countries
- (2) Toronto is one of the most popular city destinations, because .

A. it is the best known Canadian city

#### 出境领队英语

- B. it is the capital of Canada
- C. it has sophisticated Latin flair
- D. it has heli-skiing and dog-sledding in four seasons
- (3) Based on the text, which of the following statements is NOT true?
  - A. Canada's common border with the United States is the world's longest land border.
  - B. Queen Elizabeth II is the head of state and has executive power in Canada.
  - C. As the second largest country in the world, Canada has a land mass that covers five time zones
  - D. Canada has numerous French heritages, each offering its own Canadian urban experience.

(4) According to the last paragraph,	Canada is also a good destination for
A. shopping	B. physical training
C. immigration	D. education



#### Watch the short video twice, and complete the following requirements.

- Step 1: Divide the class into groups, and ask each student to take a note of what he or she has watched or heard. Compare the notes with his/her deskmate.
- Step 2: Make a brief summary of the destination country based on the information in the passage you've read as well as the video you've watched.

ummary:	
(1)	
(2)	
3)	
(4)	
(5)	



扫 寸1, 看视频。

# Part Five Consolidation 第五部分: 巩固练习

#### Practical Writing 应用文写作

### Arrival Form /Entry Form 出入境表

In the flight from one country to another, the most important task for the tour leader is to ask the members of group to fill in the arrival or entry form. The form varies from country to country. When people enter into the United States, they need to complete arrival form, 1-94 form. The form must be completed by all persons except U.S. citizens, returning resident aliens with immigrant visas, and Canadian Citizens visiting or in transit. Type or print legibly with pen in ALL CAPITAL LETTERS. All information should be filled in English. Do not write on the back of this form. This form is in two parts. They are Arrival Record (Item 1 through 13) and the Departure Record (Item 14 through 17). When all items are completed, present this form to the U.S. Immigration and Naturalization Service Inspector at arrival of the airport.

Suppose you are the tour leader who escorts a tour group to the United States for a holiday. Fill out the arrival card for the tour member who needs your help using the following outlines.

### **Arrival Card**

Family Name #	Birth Date (Day/Mo/Yr) 生日(日/月/年)
First (Given) Name 名	Country of Citizenship 国籍
Sex (Male or Female) 性别(男性 Male 或女性 Female )	Passport Number 护照号码
Airline & Flight Number 航空公司及班机号码	Country Where You Live 居住国
City Where You Boarded 搭乘飞机城市	City Where Visa Was Issued 取得签证城市
Date Issued (Day Mo/Yr) 取得签证日期(日/月/年)	Address While in the United State (Number and Street) 在美国的住址(门牌号及街名)
City and State 市名及州名	Departure Number 高境号码
Immigration and Naturalization Service 移民局	I-94 Departure Record I-94离境记录

#### Translation for the Tour Leader领队翻译

- Translate the following sentences into English with the words or phrases given.
- (1)飞机已降落(land)在新加坡樟宜机场,现在是当地时间上午十一点,室外温度20摄 氏度。

#### 出境领队英语

- (2)可以帮我调一下风量(airflow)吗?风正对着这位老人吹。
- (3)我们旅行团的一些成员不会说英语,请问你们有中文报纸或杂志吗?
- (4)这位女士因为晕机(airsickness)不舒服,可以给她把座位调到前排吗?
- (5)到英国我们是早一天(gain)还是晚一天(lose)?



扫 扫,做翻译

- Translate the following sentences into Chinese with the words or phrases given.
- (1) It is time for lunch. Please put down our tray tables (小桌板) and bring back our seats to the upright position.
- (2) The plane is flying from Beijing to Seattle with a two-hour stopover (短暂停留) in Tokyo.
- (3) We have just been informed by the captain (制长) that our departure will be delayed on account of big fog.
- (4) Excuse me. We are passing through some turbulence (乱流) right now. Would you please fasten your seat belt?
- (5) The call button and reading light is above your head. Press the call button to summon a flight attendant (乘务局).



扫一扫,做翻译

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## Chapter

## 抵达目的地

Arrival at Destination Countries

## Learning Focus 学习要点

- ◆ Case Study
  The Police in Saipan Gets on the Coach
- ◆ Listening Comprehension Landing Announcement
- ◆ Situational Dialogue
  - Task 4-1 Entry Formalities
    - -At the Entry Office
  - Task 4-2 Luggage Reclaim
    - -Lost Baggage Report
  - Task 4-3 Customs Inspection
    - -Customs Declaration
  - Task 4-4 Contact with the Local Guide
- -Meeting the Local Guide
- ◆ ABC about Destination Countries ABC about Brazil
- ◆ Consolidation
  - Practical Writing: Customs Declaration Translation for Tour Leader

- ◆ 案例分析 塞班的警察上了旅游车
- ◆ 听力训练
- 飞机脊陆通知
- ▶ 情景对话
  ① 办理入境手续
  - ——人境处
  - ②提取行李
  - ---报告行李遗失
  - ③海关检查
- --海关申报
- ④ 与地陪接治
- ---与地陪见面
- ◆ 目的地国家概况 巴西概况
- ◆ 巩固练习

应用文写作: 海关申报单

领队翻译



## Part One Case Study 第一部分·案例分析

## The Police in Saipan Gets on the Coach 塞班的警察上了旅游车

One tour group arrived at Saipan. While the tour leader was queuing for visa issues, a 9-year-old boy, one of the tour members, ran about in the hall. The boy's father asked his child not to run here and there, but the boy turned a deaf ear to his father, that made him angry. Then, the father rebuked his son, patted his son's forehead with his hand.

Out of the arrival hall, the tour leader met the local tour guide and the tour members began to get on the coach. Then, two policemen got on the coach and asked seriously, "Just now, who treated his own child rudely? Please go to the police station with us". The tour leader was quick-minded and said politely, "Can I say a few words about it?" The police nodded. The tour leader said, "We are from China. Chinese families usually have only one child. This father loves his son very much. What he did is just to stop his son from disturbing others in the hall." The police said, "Please tell the father that he should do an apology to his son." And then, the two policemen got down the coach and left.\( \subseteq \)



- 1. Study the case carefully. Decide whether the following statements are true or false and write T for true and F for false.
- The tour leader should take care of the child because he is one member of the tour group.
- (2)\_\_\_\_The father should take care of the child because he is the legal guardian of the child.
- (3) The local guide should take care of the child because the tour leader is busy with visa issues.
- (4) \_\_\_\_It is funny that a father does an apology to his child. And a father can do whatever he likes to care for his child.
- (5) The tour leader should refuse the policemen to get on the coach and protect the legal right of the tour members.



Divide the class into several groups for a brief discussion. One student makes a presentation of the main points discussed and the others give comments on the presentation.

**Discussions:** What should the tour leader do to reduce misunderstanding between tour members and local people?

Co	m	m	en	its:	

- (1)
- (2)
- (3)\_
- (4)\_\_
- (5)



#### 小知识

#### 抵达目的地领队的工作



- 1. Share the second of the
- 3. Section 1. The section of the
- 1 兌換货币。当地货币一般有抵达机缔后有机构(银行或政府授权兑换点)兑换、领队应引导 前往、但不要过多介入兑换过程、一般只告诉兑换地点、自己不参与客人的兑换活动。
- 接治地路。带领府客到达人口、与前来迎接的当地导游公台。会台后领队应上动与导游交换名片、并对其通信方式进行确认、进行简单的行程交流。

# **Part Two** Listening Comprehension 第二部分: 听力训练

#### Words and Expressions

Auckland	n.	奥克兰	detach	ν.	分离;派遣	
Celsius	n.	摄氏度	disembark	ν.	登陆;下车	
Fahrenheit	n.	华氏度	retrieve	ν.	取回	
taxi	ν.	滑行	procedure	n.	程序,步骤	

## Landing Announcement 飞机着陆通知

1. Listen to the passage and fill in the blanks with the missing information.



扫一扫, 听 听。

Our plane has (1)	at Auckland airp	ort. The local time	is 13:00 p.m. The
temperature outside is 13 degrees Co	elsius, ((2)	degrees Fahren	heit.) The plane is
(3) For your safety, please	stay (4)	for the time being.	When the aircraft
stops completely and the Fasten Seat	Belt sign is (5)	Please detach tl	he (6),
take all your carry-on items and d	isembark (please d	etach the seat belt	and take all your
carry-on items and passport to con	nplete the (7)		in the terminal).
Please be cautious when retrieving	tems from the (8	)	Your
checked baggage may be claimed it	n the baggage clair	n area. The transit	passengers please
go to the (9)	in the wai	ting hall to comple	te the procedures.
Welcome to Auckland, wish you	a pleasant day. The	hank you! Thank	you for selecting
(10)	for your travel toda	y and we look forw	ard to serving you
again.			



扫一扫,有答案

2. Fill in the blanks with the words and expressions given below. Change their forms when necessary.

retrieve	safety	carry-on	detach	disembark	
cautious	land	degree	taxi	formality	

Good afternoon, Ladies and Gentlemen:

Our plane w	ill be (1) at Auckland a	airport in 10 minutes. The gr	ound temperature
ıs 10 (2)	_ Celsius. The plane will be	3) down the runway	y soon. Please be
seated and not (4	) your seat belt. Se	at backs and tables should b	oe (5)
to the upright pe	osition. All personal compute	rs and electronic devices	should be turned
off before you (	6) And please be	(7) enough and mal	ke sure that your
(8)	items, passports and entry (9)	are securely	stowed. For your

Arrival at Destination Countries

(10) , we will be dimming the cabin lights for landing. Thank you!



1 1 1 2 .

## Part Three Situational Dialogue

第三部分: 情景对话

Task 4-1 Entry Formalities 办理入境手续

At the Entry Office 入境处

1. Listen to the dialogue carefully and fill in the table with correct information.



扫一扫, 听一明

	The formalities to show	The duration of the trip	The hotel to stay	The purpose of the trip
Γ		100		



2. Listen again, and do a situational dialogue with your partner.

Task 4-2 Luggage Reclaim 提取行李

Lost Baggage Report 报告行李遗失

1. Listen to the dialogue and choose the best answer according to the dialogue.



扫 扫, 听 - 听

#### (1) Which picture shows the lost baggage?



B



(2) If the baggage is found, it will be sent to \_\_\_\_\_.

A. airport B. hotel C. Baggage Claim



1 . 2

- Suppose you were a tour leader and your deskmate is the tourist who lost her luggage. Do the situational dialogue again with following key words or expressions.
- (1) What can I do for you ...?
- (2) How many pieces of baggage ...?
- (3) Can you...?
- (4) ...a gray medium-sized Samsonite...
- (5) Would you mind...
- (6) Please deliver to ...:
- (7) Sure, ...
- (8) It's my pleasure...

### Task 4-3 Customs Inspection 海关检查

#### Customs Declaration 海美申报

#### 1. Listen to the dialogue carefully and fill in the blanks with correct information.



扫"扫,听"听

	A (1)	went to the United States	for (2)	At the customs, he s	showed his
(3)	and (	4) to the customs	officer. Not b	ringing in any (5)	but some
(6)_	for (7)	, he had nothing to (8)_	Finally,	the officer returned his	forms and
asked	d him to (9)	and take them back v	when he (10)_	the States.	



Listen to a passage and retell what you've heard with given key words or expressions below.



扫一扫, 听一听

- (1) U.S. Residents Declare ...
- (2) Visitors(Non-Residents) Declare...

Declare...

- (3) Duty CBP officers ...
- U.S. Residents are normally entitled to ...

Visitors (non-residents) ...

Duty ...



Task 4-4 Contact with the Local Guide 与地陪接洽

Meeting the Local Guide 与地路见前

1. Listen to the dialogue and fill in the blanks with the missing information.



扫一扫, 听一听

(L=Local Guide; T=	Tour Leader)
--------------------	--------------

- L: Good afternoon. Welcome to the U.S. (1)

  T: Me too. (2)
  L: It's my pleasure. (3)
- T: Great. (4)\_\_\_\_\_.
- L: That's fine. (5)\_\_\_\_\_?
- T: Yes, (6)\_\_\_\_\_. All the guests are here.
- L: OK. Let's go.



扫一扫,有答案。

### Listen to the dialogue again, and complete following dialogues by translating the Chinese into English orally.

(L=Local Guide; T=Tour L	eader)
L: Good afternoon. (1)	
T: Thanks for your coming. (2)	(很高兴您能来接我们。
L: It's my pleasure. (3)	(旅途愉快吗?)
T: Great. (4)(旅途-	一切順利!)
L: That's fine. (5)	_(现在我能带您去酒店吗? )
T: Yes, that would be great. (6)	(所有的客人都在这。)
L: OK. Let's go.	1
■対策 ■ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・	

# Part Four ABC about Destination Countries 第四部分:目的地国家概况

#### Brazil巴西

One of the world's most captivating places. Brazil is South America's giant, a dazzling country of powdery white-sand beaches, pristine rain forests and wild, rhythm-filled metropolises(大都市). Brazil's attractions extend from enchanting, frozen-in-time colonial towns to dramatic landscapes of red-rock canyons(峽谷), thundering waterfalls and idyllic tropical islands. Add to that, Brazil's biodiversity(生物多样性)boasts the greatest collection of plant and animal species found anywhere on earth.

Brazil offers a lot of striking attractions that combines all types of tourism starting by ecotourism and city tour for it is full of incredible(难以置信的)and various landscapes ranging from striking beaches to diverse rainforest. There's horseback riding in the swamps, kayaking in the flooded forests, whale-watching(观鲸)off the coast, surfing off palm-fringed beaches and snorkeling(潜泳)in the crystal-clear rivers-all part of the great Brazilian experience.

No less entrancing is the prospect of doing nothing, aside from sinking into warm sands and soaking up a glorious stretch of beach. Brazil's most famous celebration, Carnival(狂炊

节)storms though the country's cities and towns with hip-shaking samba(桑巴舞), dazzling costumes and carefree joie de vivre (生活乐趣). Wherever there's music, the carefree lust for life tends to appear-whether dancing with Carioca(卡里奥克舞) at samba clubs or following powerful drumbeats through the streets.

With so much going for them, it's no wonder that Brazilians say "Deus e Brasileiro" ("God is Brazilian"). How else to explain the treasure of natural and cultural riches all across this amazing country?

#### Read the passage aloud and choose the best answer to complete each statement.

1.	In the first paragraph,	"captivating" me	eans	,
	A. attractive	B. relaxing	C. peaceful	D. picturesque
2.	Brazil offers big adver	ntures for travelers	except	_?
	A. horse-riding	B. whale-watching	C snorkeling	D. Scuba diving
3.	is the	e most famous celeb	oration in Brazil.	
	A. Carnival	B. Christmas Day	C. New Year	D. Passover
4.	In the last paragraph, A. God loves Brazilia	-	means	
	B. Brazilians are the d	lescendants of God		
	C. the land of Brazil is	s given by God		
	D. Brazil is endowed	with profound natur	al and cultural resourc	ees
回想	<b>然回</b> 自由,有答	乾		



#### Watch the short video twice, and complete the following requirements.

- Step 1: Divide the class into groups, and ask each student to take a note of what he or she has watched or heard. Compare the notes with his/her deskmate.
- Step 2: Make a brief summary of the destination country based on the information in the passage you've read as well as the video you've watched.

#### 出境领队革语

Summary:	
(1)	
(2)	
(3)	
(4)	
(5)	



扫一扫,看视频。

# Part Five Consolidation 第五部分: 巩固练习

### Practical Writing 随用文字作

### Customs Declaration 海关申报单

Before the entry of the destination country, officers at customs will check the baggage of the tourists to find out whether there is any object illegal or necessary to pay duties. Anyone who fails to pass the check will be denied to enter. This form must be completed by all persons who need to declare their belongings. Type or print legibly with pen in ALL CAPITAL LETTERS. All information should be filled in English. When all items are completed, present this form to customs at the airport.

Suppose you are the tourists, fill out the customs declaration. Don't hesitate to ask the tour leader if you have any problems when you fill in the form.

#### **Customs Declaration**

Each arriving traveler or head of family must provide the following information (only ONE written declaration per family is required):

每 位入境美国的游客或一家之主必须提供以下资料(一个家庭只需申报 份):

Family Name: Last     First(Given) Middle Initial	
(姓名:姓 名 中间名 )	
2. Burth date: DayMonthYear (出生日期: 日月年)	
3. Number of family members traveling with you (与你同行的家庭成员人数)	
4. a. U.S. street address (hotel name/destination):[在美居住地址(旅馆名称/] b. City (城市)c. State (州)	]的地)]:
5. Passport issued by (country): (发照国家)	
6. Passport number:(护照号码)	L.
7. Country of Residence: (居住国家)	5.5
8. Countries visited on this trip prior to U.S. arrival: (此次旅游时来美国之前去过的国家)	
9. Airline/Flight No. or Vessel Name: (航空公司/班机号码或船名):	
10. The purpose of my trip is or was BUSINES'S (此次旅程的目的主要是商务) 7, V	○ YES ○NO ○ 是 ○否
11. I am (We are) bringing: [我(我们)揍带]:	
a. fruits, plants, food, or insects?	○ YES ○NO
(水果、植物、食物或昆虫?)	○是○否
b. meats, animals, or animal/wildlife products?	○ YES ○NO
(肉类、动物或动物/野生动物制品?)	○是○否
c. disease agents, cell cultures, or snails?	○ YES ○NO
(带病原体、细胞培养或蜗牛?)	○是○否
d. soil or have you visited a farm/ranch/pasture outside	○ YES ○NO
the United States?	
(土壤或你曾经去过美国境外的农场或牧场吗?)	○是○否
12. I have (We have) been in close proximity of	○ YES ○NO
(such as touching or handling) livestock outside the United States? :	
[我有(我们有)靠近(如触碰或接触)牲畜?]	○是○否
13. I am (we are) carrying currency or monetary instruments over 10,000 U.S. or the foreign equivalent.	○ YES ○NO
(你携带现金或财物,其价值超过一万美金 或相当于一万美金的外币吗?)	○是○否
以作出1 一万大业的丌印吗()	した し音

续表

14. I have (We have) commercial merchandise: (article for sale, samples used for soliciting orders, or goods that are not considered personal effects) [我(我们)有携带商品'(贩卖物品、商业样品或任何不属于个人所有的物品)]	○ YES ○NO ○是○否
15. Residents-the total value of all good, including commercial merchandise I acquired abroad, (including gifts for someone else, but not items mailed to the U S the U.S, is:  (美国居民, 我们带入美国所有物品(包含商品及礼品、但不包含邮寄人美国的	) and am are bringing to
16. Visitors - the total value of all article that will remain in the U.S., including commer (现光客——将留在美国境内的物品价值为(包含商品)):	rcial merchandise is:
Read the instruction on the back of this form. Space is provided to list all the iten 阅读本表背面的说明,请将领申报的物品在空格內列出) I HAVE READ THE IMPORTANT INFORMATION ON THE REVERSE SIDE HAVE MADE A TRUTHFUL DECLARATION (我已阅读过背面的说明,且已	OF THIS FORM AND

#### Translation for the Your Leader 領队翻译。

Signature; Date (day/month/year) 签名及日期(日/月/年)\_

- 1. Translate the following sentences into English with the words or phrases given.
- (1) 请让您的乘客将他们的人境卡(arrival card)放在护照(passport)中,按照名单上的顺序,依次通过。
- (2) 我们将把入境登记表(entry card)和海关申报表(custom declaration)发给乘客填写。
- (3) 我是旅行团的领队,我们持有团体旅游签证。能让我最后一个通过吗?
- (4) 对不起, 先生。我的旅行箱的把手坏了。我应该到哪里去申报破损?
- (5) 这是您的护照,您可以到行李提取处提取您的行李,然后进行海关检查。海关官员 (customs officer)检查后,会在您的表上盖上章(stamp)。



扫一扫,做翻译

### Translate the following sentences into Chinese with the words or phrases given.

- (1) If the airline should lose your baggage, report the loss to the airline agent (航空公司代理).
  The agent will be responsible for your loss.
- (2) You are not allowed to bring the fruits into the United States. I have to confiscate (没收) these
- (3) Whenever TYPE or PRINT is mentioned, it means write in capital letters. You have to fill in two forms, namely I-94 Arrival-Departure Record (人境廣境 制) and Customs form.
- (4) I'm from the Quarantine Authority (卫生防疫部门). May I have your Health Certificate and Vaccination Certificate (防疫证明)?
- (5) If you are coming on visitor visa and your visa is expiring next month, immigration officer grants (将权) you six months stay, and then you can stay here for six month.



1 1 1 1

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## Chapter

## 联系地陷

Contact with Local Guides

## Learning Focus 学习要点

- Case Study
  - Cancellation of Tourist Sites
- Listening Comprehension
   Adjustment of the Itinerary
- Situational Dialogue
- Task 5-1 Contact the Local Guide at the Airport
  - -Handing Over the Luggage
    - -On the Way to the Hotel
    - On the way to the Hotel
  - Task 5-2 Discuss the Travel Schedule
    —Discussing the Itinerary
  - Task 5-3 Handling Complaints
  - -Disputes Over the Room Standard
  - Task 5-4 At the Restaurant
    - -Meal Problem
- ◆ ABC about Destination Countries
  - ABC about Russia
- Consolidation

Practical Writing: A Letter of Complaint Translation for Tour Leader

- ◆ 案例分析 取消旅游景点
- ◆ 听力训练 调整线路
- ◆ 情景对话
  - ①在机场与地陷接洽
    - ---交接行李
    - ---前往洒店途中
    - ②商谈旅游行程
    - ---讨论线路
    - ③投诉外理
  - ----住宿标准纠纷
    - ①餐厅就餐
    - ——饭菜问题
- ◆ 目的地国家概况 俄罗斯概况
- ◆ 巩固练习
  - 应用文写作: 投诉信 领队翻译



## Part One Case Study 第一部分·案例分析

#### Cancellation of Tourist Sites 取消旅游景点

Ms. Xu and her five family members joined a Southeast Asia tour launched by an international travel service. According to the contract, the travel service was to offer a night visit. When the group arrived at the destination, some tourists proposed to cancel the night visit because it was raining; in addition, all of them felt very tired after a long journey. With the permission from most of the tourists, the local guide cancelled the night visit. However, Ms. Xu and her family insisted the program. The tour leader refused the Xu's request He claimed that his travel service could only satisfy the needs of the most guests, and most of them had agreed to cancel the night visit. Back in China, Ms. Xu immediately complained to the local tourism administration and asked the travel service for compensation.



扫一扫,看译文。

- Study the case carefully. Decide whether the following statements are true or false and write T for true and F for false.
- The tourist sites in the travel schedule can be cancelled subject to the approval of most tourists.
- (2) The night visit was cancelled because of the force majeure.
- (3) The local guide has the right to cancel tourist attractions with permission of the tour leader.
- (4) \_\_\_\_\_The tour leader has the right to cancel the attractions with permission of the domestic travel service.
- (5) The tour leader is not to be blamed because he just implemented the principle of the minority obeying the majority.



11. (, ...

Divide the class into several groups for a brief discussion. One student makes a presentation of the main points discussion and the others give comments on the presentation.

Discussions: What should a tour leader do when tourists proposed to cancel the sites specified in the travel schedule?

### 

(4)\_\_\_\_\_



打一扫, 有答案



#### 领以联系地路

- 1. 旅游团抵达后, 地馆会站在风幕的地方举起站牌、领队应主动前往联系地馆。
- 2. 领队应及时与地隔接拾、若之组团社的名称、客源地、并自我介绍。
- 3. 与地隔核实施行团实到人数,集中清点行李\集合登车
- 4. 与地隔楼实行程计划。如果地陷的行程介出人,领队应请示组团社批准。
- 高芽植场蛙酒店途中、地陪介绪下梯置店、宣布当日或次日的安排活动以及集合时间、
   ※個原产协助。

# Part Two Listening Comprehension 第二部分: 听力训练

#### Words and Expressions

respond	ν.	做出反应	specify	ν.	指定,详细说明
evaluate	ν.	评价;评估	proposal	n.	提议
feasible	adj.	可行的	appropriate	adj.	恰当的; 合适的

### Adjustment of the Itinerary 调整线路

1. Listen to the passage and fill in the blanks with the missing information you have heard.



扫·扫,听·听。

A tour leader should resp	ond to tourists if they want to (1)		Usually
	to the itinerary that is specified (2		. He
should not change the itinera		If tourists	
	the tour leader should (4)		
their proposal is feasible, he	may make (5)	Арргоргіа	te adjustment
their proposal is feasible, he may make (5)  of the itinerary should be made in accordance with the (6)			addition, the
	not be made unless the tour leader ac		
	. The tour leader s		•
change and try to get (8)		nouta mioni	tourists of the
扫一扫,有答案			
<b>注</b> 扫一扫,有答案 ■ <b>以</b>			
	the words and expressions si	van balaw	and change
	the words and expressions gi	ven below	and change
2. Fill in the blanks with their forms when necess			and change
2. Fill in the blanks with their forms when necessevaluation adjust	respond application	specify	feasibility
2. Fill in the blanks with their forms when necessevaluation adjust	respond application to tourists if they want to c	specify	feasibility
2. Fill in the blanks with their forms when necess evaluation adjust  (1) The tour leader should (2) Itinerary in the control of the co	respond application to tourists if they want to che contract should not be changed at	specify change the itin	feasibility nerary.
2. Fill in the blanks with their forms when neces: evaluation adjust  (1) The tour leader should (2) Itinerary in the tour leader should	respond application  to tourists if they want to che contract should not be changed at the tourists' suggestion about	specify change the itinwill, at the change of	feasibility nerary. of the itinerary.
2. Fill in the blanks with their forms when neces: evaluation adjust  (1) The tour leader should (2) Itinerary in the tour leader should (3) The tour leader should (4) If the suggestions are	to tourists if they want to che contract should not be changed at the tourists' suggestion about, the tour leader may adj	specify change the itinwill, at the change of	feasibility nerary. of the itinerary.
2. Fill in the blanks with their forms when neces: evaluation adjust  (1) The tour leader should (2) Itinerary in the travel service in the suggestions are approval of the travel service.	to tourists if they want to che contract should not be changed at the tourists' suggestion about, the tour leader may adj	specify  change the itin will.  It the change of ust the itiner	feasibility nerary.  of the itmerary, ary subject to

扫 :扫,有答案。

## Part Three Situational Dialogue

第三部分:情景对话

#### Words and Expressions

cart	n.	运货车	Travel Agency		旅行社
safety precaution		安全预防	inn	n.	旅馆
rank	ν.	排列	access	n.	(使用的)机会
pull up to	ν.	停下	lobby	n.	大厅
St. Paul's Cathedral		圣保罗大教堂	Buckingham Palace		白金汉宫
principal	adj.	最重要的	package tour	n.	跟团旅游
complain	γ.	投诉	a hard nut to crack	VA	难事

Task 5-1 Contact the Local Guide at the Airport 在机场与地陪接洽

#### Handing Over the Luggage 交接行李

 Listen to the dialogue and write numbers in the blanks to show the correct order of the conversation.



#### (T=Tour Leader; L=Local Guide)

- (1) L: OK. Attention, everybody. Now, follow me please. We're moving to the coach.
- (2) L: I see. Let's check them together and hand it over to the luggage man.
- (3) L: Is everybody here now? Our bus is outside the airport.
- (4) L: Ms. Chen, how many pieces of luggage do you have in all?
- (5) T: Oh, let me check. Yes, everybody is here.
  - \_\_\_\_ (6) T: All right. (To the group members) Ladies and gentlemen, attention, please. Please put your luggage on these carts. The local guide and I will take care of it.
    - (7) T: There are 22 pieces altogether.



Listen to the dialogue again, and act it out with your deskmate. Pay attention to your body language.

#### On the Way to the Hotel 前往酒店途中

 Listen to dialogue carefully and complete the following sentences with what you have heard.



扫一扫, 听一听。

E18/05-709			
(1) Teresa is the local guide from			
(2) It will take	from the airport to the hotel.		
(3) Tourists should remain seated on the co	oach and do not s	stretch your h	eads or
(4) The tour group will head for		after they lo	ad the luggage.
(5) Hotel offers access to internet as we		_arter they to	
* *	11 as	(11)	within the United
States.			
(6) Jane will be meeting us at the entrance	of the hotel to		·
(7) The local guide will meet tourists again	n in the lobby		

- Role play: Suppose you are a tour leader and your deskmate is a local guide. Make a dialogue on the way to the hotel using following tips.
- go to the hotel;
- remain in your seat;
- > not stretch your heads or hands out of the window;
- > check your luggage;
- make sure you have taken your bags with you before leaving the coach;
- > hope you have a wonderful vacation.

#### Task 5-2 Discuss the Travel Schedule 商谈旅游行程

#### Discussing the Itinerary 讨论线路

1. Listen to the dialogue and answer the following questions.



扫一扫, 听 听

(1) What are they talking about?

A. itinerary B. time C. weather

(2) How long will they stay in London?

A. one day B. two days C. three days

(3) Which site is the must-see attraction in London?

A. St. Paul's Cathedral B. Tower of London C. Buckingham Palace

(4) Where do they have their lunch?

A. in the hotel B. at the restaurant C: on the travel boat



扫 扫,有答案

Listen to the dialogue again and choose the most professional statement that matches meanings of the italicized parts from the following choices.

(T=Tour Leader; L=Local Guide)

### Episode 1

- T: It seems everything is all right. Let's start discussing the itinerary.
- A. Will you start discussing the itinerary?
- B. It's better to start discussing the itinerary now.
- C. Shall we start discussing the itinerary?

### Episode 2

- L: OK, Mr. Chen. Do you think where you would visit?
- A. Do you think where you would like to visit?
- B. Have you got anything in mind that you would like to visit?
- C. Have you thought where you want to visit?

### Episode 3

- T: The time is far from enough, but we want to visit a city like London which has many world well-known places of interest.
- A. Can we visit a city like London which has many world well-known places of interest?
- B. Is it possible for us to visit a city like London which has many world well-known places of

### 出暗领队基语

### interest?

C. Shall we visit a city like London which has many world well-known places of interest?

### Episode 4

- L: Don't worry. I am sure I will let you see as many places as possible.
- A. I promise I'll let you see as many places as possible.
- B. Take it easy. I will try my best to take you to many places you can see.
- C. Anyhow it is not the end of the world. I'll try to let you see as many places as possible.

### Episode 5

- T: Thank you. You are very considerate.
- A. Thank you. You are welcome.
- B. Thank you. You are good.
- C. Thank you. It's really very thoughtful of you.



扫一扫, 有答案

## Task 5-3 Handling Complaints 投诉处理

## Disputes Over the Room Standard 住宿标准纠纷

 Listen to the dialogue and choose the best answer according to information you've heard.



- (1) Who is the receptionist?
  - A. Pan Xiaoyun.
  - C. Zhao Jiming.

- B. Simon.
- D Jack

- (2) What is wrong with the guest?
  - A. He is complaining about food.
  - C. He is not happy with the room.
- B. He wants room service.
- D. He is checking out.

- (3) What is the solution?
  - A. He has moved to another room.

- B. Nothing has been done.
- C. He left the hotel.
- D. The receptionist would send a house maid to fresh the air and make the bed again.



扫 :扫, 有答案。

Listen to the dialogue again and rearrange the order of pictures based on the sequence of events in the conversation. Describe the pictures according to the right order.









扫一扫,有答案

## Task 5-4 At the Restaurant 餐厅就餐

### Meal Problem 饭 薬園場

1. Listen to the dialogue carefully and decide whether the following statements are true or false and write T for true and F for false.



打一扫,听一听

- (1) The group members complained about the quality of the meals.
- (2) The group members had meals in the Western restaurant.
- (3) The tour leader was willing to make the payment for the additional dishes.
- (4) The local guide refused to talk with the manager.



1 , 75

2. Listen to the dialogue again, and act it out with your deskmate.



# Part Four ABC about Destination Countries 第四部分:目的地国家概况

### Russia 俄罗斯

Russia, also officially the Russian Federation is a country in Eurasia. At 17,075,200 square kilometers, it is the largest country in the world by surface area, covering more than one-eighth of the Earth's inhabited(可居住的) land area, and the ninth most populous, with over 144 million people at the end of March 2016.

Russian culture and art is extremely brilliant and colorful. This piece of land breeds so many famous figures such as Pushkin (普希金), Tolstoy (托尔斯泰) and all literary giants create a number of great art masterpieces. Perhaps only when we stepped into the land of Russia can we really understand how it feels like in Russia.

Russia is rich in tourism resources. Moscow's Red Square ( 與斯科红场), the magnificent Kremlin (克里姆林宫) and other attractions have been world-famous for centuries. St. Petersburg ( 各級得堡), the second largest city is an elegant and romantic city. Quiet and wide Neva (涅瓦河) and criss-crossing ancient canal constitute the city's water network system. In Russia you can also see the world's deepest and most pure lake, Baikal (贝加尔湖), or take train going through the lush Siberian forest (西伯利亚森林), to see the beautiful scenery of the Black Sea (黑海). You can have a cultural tour, go to Mariinsky Theater (马林斯基副院) to see a ballet show, or go to The TRETYAKOV GALLERY (特列季亚科夫美术馆) to see those who handed down the masterpiece. Of course, you can not miss the Winter Palace where there are more than 200 years collections that will be a feast for your eyes.

Rich cultural heritage and great natural variety place Russia among the most popular tourist destinations in the world. The country contains 23 UNESCO (联介国教科文组织) World Heritage Sites, while many more are on UNESCO's tentative lists. Taking up an immense space, a home to different nationalities and cultures, it's often called a bridge between the East and the West. You can spend a lifetime exploring it without ever unveiling all its mysteries or feel at home over a week-end.

### Read the passage aloud and choose the best answer to complete each statement.

1 Russia is the largest country in the	world by surface area, covering more than	of
A. one-sixth	B. one-eighth	
C. one-seventh	D. one-ninth	
	0	

2. St. P	etersburg is the second largest city in Russia w	hich presents tourists an	look.		
A. o	ld and shabby	B. elegant and romantic			
C. ol	d and solemn	D. exquisite and beautiful			
3. Tou	rists can have a cultural tour and enj	oy more than 200 years col	lections in		
A. W	Vinter Palace	B. Summer Palace			
C. M					
4. Base	d on the text, which of the following statem	ents is NOT true?			
A. R	ussia is often called a bridge between the Ea	ast and the West.			
B. In	Russia tourist can see the world's deepest	and most pure lake, Baikal.			
C. T	here are 23 World Heritage Sites in Russia a	and no more will be inscribed by	UNESCO.		
D. th	ne Russian Federation is both an Asian coun	try and a European country.			
Watch	the short video twice, and complete the fe	ollowing requirements.			
Step 1:	Divide the class into groups, and ask each		or she has		
	watched or heard. Compare the notes with				
Step 2:	Make a brief summary of the destination co		the passage		
	you've read as well as the video you've w	atched.			
	Summary:				
	(1)				
	(2)				



扫·扫、看视频。

(3)



# Part Five Consolidation 第五部分: 巩固练习

### Practical Writing 随用文写作

### A Letter of Complaint 投诉信

The process of travel consists of many different components and interrelated parts such as transportation, accommodation, attractions, activities, etc. As soon as guests arrive at a hotel, all the related departments of a hotel need to work together to provide them with proper goods and services. If guests are not content with the services offered by the hotel, they will certainly complain.

Generally, complaints can be expressed in two different ways, by telephone, or by letter. A complaint may be sent directly to the related departments or to the General Manager. After receiving the complaints, the hotel should look into the matter; then take appropriate measures to handle the complaints.

Suppose you are the General Manager of Crown Plaza Hotel, reply to Jane Clinton, the guest who has written a letter of complaint for receiving poor service during her stay at your hotel.

### Outline:

- (1) Your apologies and sympathies.
- (2) Measures you will take.
- (3) Compensation you will make.
- (4) Your wish to offer better service.

Crown Plaza Hotel

No. 17, 4th Block, 1st Ring Road,

Hangzhou, Zhejiang

Attn: Mr. Lin Yunzhi Dear Mr. Lin.

As one of your regular guests, I'm writing to complain about my stay in your hotel. To be frank, I am terribly disappointed at your service as well as your hotel facilities. Firstly, when I checked in, your receptionists chatted aloud. I waited for almost twenty minutes before my luggage was sent up to my room. Moreover, the tap was out of order when I took a shower. Worst of all, the hotel failed to provide me with room service next morning. I find it unacceptable that you sold me a room, which was not similar to the description on your website, and therefore I claim a refund of RMB800 I sincerely hope that you could look into this matter and the problems mentioned above can be solved at your earliest convenience.

Yours sincerely, Iane Clinton

### Translation for the Tour Leader領队翻译

- Translate the following sentences into English with the words or phrases given.
- (1) 我觉得领队·点不负责(irresponsible),带我们去了不干净的地方用餐,有好几位游客吃了东西都觉得难受(feel ill)。
- (2) 我向地陪询问丢失行李事宜, 他竟然很不配合(cooperate), 非常不友好, 不愿意(was unwilling to)帮我向机场查询(inquire)。
- (3) 我们对你们领队提供的服务很不满意,他对我们不管不问 (pay little attention),不解决问题,老是带我们购物。
- (4) 大家经过长途旅行后都希望好好休息,所以游客们提出取消(cancel)晚上的夜游(night visit)。
- (5) 我的客人都又累又饿,附近有快餐店(fast-food restaurant) 没有? 不如我们就近吃午餐, 并休息(refreshment)一下。



扫一扫,做翻译

## 2. Translate the following sentences into Chinese with the words or phrases given.

- (1) We have made reservation for you at the hotel. Your luggage will be delivered (递送) to your room in the hotel.
- (2) May I help you with your suitcase (手提翰)? How many pieces of baggage do you have altogether?
- (3) Please pick up all your personal belongings and follow me to the Ground Transportation Center (地面运输中心).
- (4) I'm terribly sorry for the day, but on our way to the airport, we got stuck in (陷人) the traffic jam. I really apologize (抱歉) for being late to meet you.
- (5) Vienna enjoys high reputation for its historical and cultural sites (历史文化占迹). So, it might be a good idea to arrange one more tourist attraction each day and leave the last day for shopping and relaxation.



扫一扫,做翻译

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# Chapter

# 下榻酒店

## Learning Focus 学习要点

- ◆ Case Study

  Breakfast Is Over!
- ◆ Listening Comprehension Service after Check-in
- Service after Check-in
   Situational Dialogue
  - Task 6-1 Checking in
    - -Bell Service
  - Task 6-2 Concierge
    - -Keeping Valuables
  - Task 6-3 Inquires in the Hotel
    - -Inquires about City Tour
  - Task 6-4 Laundry Service
    - -Inquires about Laundry Service
- ◆ ABC about Destination Countries
  - ABC about New Zealand
- Consolidation

Practical Writing: Hotel Registration Card Translation for Tour Leader

- ◆ 案例分析 早餐结束了!
- ◆ 听力训练 人住酒店后的服务
- ◆ 情景对话
- ①人住酒店
- 行李交接服务
  - ②礼宴服务
  - ---保管贵重物品
  - ③店内问询
  - ——询问市内观光旅游
- **①洗衣服务**
- ◆ 目的地国家概况
  - 新西兰概况
- ◆ 巩固练习 应用文写作: 酒店人住登记卡 领队翻译



# Part One Case Study 第一部分:案例分析

## Breakfast Is Over! 早餐结束了!

A group of Chinese tourists arrived at Vienna, the capital of Austria. Most of them were the entrepreneurs of the destination town. After checked-in, the tour leader briefly introduced the customs, taboos and table manners of the destination country, but they were impatient and even felt disgusted, saying, "We Chinese should stand tall and not afraid of anything when we are abroad." Then, they hurried up to the own rooms.

Next morning, they went to the second floor to have Home Town buffet for their breakfast. The hotel restaurant provided various kinds of desserts, cheeses, jams and fresh fruits. Mr. Wu took a full plate of food without much consideration, but he just smelled it, leaving the food on the table. Then, he opened a dozen boxes of jams and cheeses without eating any. At this, the head of the restaurant, an old Austrian around 50 years old, came over and speaking to him baldly in blunt English: "In the past, Chinese people were poor and many Chinese didn't have enough food and even died of hunger. Now China is strong. Chinese people are rich, but it is so shameful that you wasted so much! Just go! Breakfast is over!"



## 1 . 1. 1.

- Study the case carefully. Decide whether the following statements are true or false and write T for true and F for false.
- The tour leader should introduce the custom, etiquette and relevant laws and regulations of the destination countries to the visitors.
- (2) Chinese should stand tall and not afraid of anything when they travel abroad.
- (3) \_\_\_\_\_ Tourists have the right to eat or just leave the food on the table because they have paid for it.
- (4) \_\_\_\_\_ The head of the restaurant rebuked the Chinese tourists because he thought the Chinese were rich.





Divide the class into several groups for a brief discussion. One student makes a presentation of the main points of the case and the others give comments on it.

Discussions: How would you handle the case if you were a tour leader? Comments:

(2)



扫·扫,有答案。



### 小知识 —

### 下榻酒店后领队的工作

- 与地陷 起向总服务台提供团名、团队名单、预队签证、提出任房要求、协助地结办 理人住登记手效。
- 2 分配住房、領队应掌握分房各单、开写地陪相互告知各自的房号和联系电话,以便协 调工作。
- 引领客人和行李进席、避视客人的住房状态、询问客人是否拿到自己的行李、对房间 是价满仓。
- 提醒客人晚上由去的时候一定要结件而符入带未实谊的联系方式、告诉游客得近商品的位置。
- 与徐台康系,定好叫早时间、协助客犬解决人住后遇到的各种问题。如遇卫生问题、 暑间内设施问题、及时通知前台上如拿错行李或行李未到、协同地路一起处理。

# **Part Two** Listening Comprehension 第二部分: 听力训练

### Words and Expressions

chains	n.	连锁企业	oversea	adj.	外国的,海外的
quality	n.	品质	ınadequate	adj.	不充分的
closet	n.	壁樹	stipulate	r.	规定;保证
generally	adv.	一般地	staff	n.	职员
turnaround	n.	转变:转向	single	adj	单一的
indicate	yt.	表明。指出	formality	n.	正式手续

## Service after Check-in 入住酒店后的服务

1. Listen to the passage and fill in the blanks with the missing information you have heard.



hotel:				
(1) Inform the to	ourists of the			
(2)	and tell t	ourists how to use them	1.	
(3) If tourists	request a change	of rooms because of	the inadequate facilities	s, the tour
leader shou contract.	ld ask the hotel st	aff to	which are stipula	ated in the
(4) If tourists a	sk for a suite inste	ad of the single room	and	, the tour
leader can h	elp through the for	malities.		
2. Listen to t	he passage aga	in, and try to give o	correspondent English	n version
	sentences in th		correspondent English	version
			导游应要求酒店工作人	月 粉 本国
规定更换客房,	满足游客的要求外游客当地时间。		了新7% 安水柏柏 L.F.A	火灰以門
	房设施并告诉游客	(体田方注		
			房, 并愿意支付房费差价	<ol> <li>导流uf</li> </ol>
以协助办理。	八文尔八正公川		17 月版总入日历以开历	1 1 101 17
いいかけんしょう				

## Part Three Situational Dialogue

第三部分:情景对话

## Task 6-1 Check-in 入住酒店

### Bell Service 行李交接服务

 Listen to the dialogue and fill in the blanks with the missing words or phrases you've just heard.



### (T=Tour Leader; P=Porter)

- P: Good afternoon. Let me take care of your luggage.
- T: Thank you! Be careful! Things inside the bag are fragile. (1)
- P: No worries! Here we are. May I have your key card?
- T: Here you are.
- P: Thank you! Would you please (2)
- T: Certainly. I'll ask our tour members to keep them in the safe.
- The second secon
- P: With pleasure. Feel free to let me know should (3)
- T: Thanks a lot!



月 归、南答案

2. Listen again, and do a situational dialogue with your partner.

### Task 6-2 Concierge 礼宾服务

### Keeping Valuables 保管贵重物品

1. Listen to the dialogue and answer the following questions.



扫一扫, 听一听

### 出暗领队革运

- (1) What valuables are there in his bag?
- (2) How long will the bag be kept?
- (3) When will the cloakroom close?



扫·扫, 有答案

Role play: One student plays the role of the tour leader while another plays the role of the Bellman of Cloakroom.

### Task 6-3 Inquires in the Hotel 店内间询

### Inquires about City Tour 询问市内观光旅游

 Listen to the dialogue and choose the best answer according to the information you've heard.



1 1.

- (1) What is the man doing?
  - A. He is asking the information about the city tour.
  - B. He is visiting the Museum of Modern Art.
  - C. He is walking.
  - D. He is having dinner.
- (2) We can learn from the passage that
  - A. There are no free maps of the city.
  - B. The clerk is so rude.
  - C. It won't take you more than twenty minutes to the Museum of Modern Art on foot.
  - D. The tour leader will check out the hotel this evening.



扫一扫,有答案

Role play: Suppose you are a tour leader and your classmate is the clerk of the information desk. Ask him the information about the city tour.

## Task 6-4 Laundry Service 洗衣服务

## Inquires about Laundry Service 询问洗衣服务

Listen to the dialogue and fill in the blanks with the missing words or phrases you've just heard.



扫 扫, 听 师

(F=Floor Attendant; T=Tour leader)	
F: (1) Laundry service,?	
T: Come in, please.	
F: Good morning, sir. (2)	
T: No, not now. Thank you.	
F: Well, if you have any, Please leave it in the laundry bag (3)	
I come to collect it every morning.	
T: Thank you. But how long does it usually take (4)	_ if I send
it?	
F: Well, we offer express service and same-day, it depends on which service (5)	
T: Any difference in price?	
F: Yes, sir. We charge 50% more for express, but it only takes 5 hours.	
T: What about same-day? Can I get it back in the evening?	
F: Certainly, sic All deliveries will be made (6)	
T: Oh, I see. Thanks a lot.	
F: You are welcome.	
回数(回 ・ 対 対 対 対 有答案 ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・	

2. Role play: One student plays the role of tour leader while the other plays the role of floor attendant.

# Part Four ABC about Destination Countries 第四部分:目的地国家概况

### New Zealand 新西兰

New Zealand is an island nation in the southwestern Pacific Ocean. The capital city is Wellington while its most populous city is Auckland. The country geographically comprises two main land masses—the North Island and the South Island. The country's varied topography and its sharp mountain peaks, such as the Southern Alps, owe much to the tectonic (地壳特造的) uplift of land and volcanic eruptions. The subtropical Northland region stretches upwards from Auckland to the very top of New Zealand. It is known for its diverse natural beauty that includes a mixture of white-sand beaches, forests of giant Kauri (贝壳杉) trees, picturesque islands and huge sand dunes.

Christianity (基督教) is the predominant religion in New Zealand In the 2013 census, 55.0% of the population identified with one or more religions, including 49.0% identifying as Christians. Another 41.9% indicated that they had no religion. English is the predominant language, spoken by 96.1% of the population. After the Second World War, Māori (毛利人) were discouraged from speaking their own language in schools and workplaces and it existed as a community language only in a few remote areas.

You would never think that a country nestled in the corner of the world would be so multi-cultural, but you really don't realize how different it is until you arrive. There are literally people from all over the world that live in New Zealand. Māori were the first to arrive in New Zealand, journeying in canoes (独木舟) from Hawan (夏威夷) about 1,000 years ago. There are many Asians and Africans who have also immigrated to the country over the years, making it a literal melting pot of cultures.

So, as you can see, the culture in New Zealand is full of very interesting and unique (独特的) people that you can't find anywhere else in the world. Because of their friendliness, which is so different from what you will see in your own country, you will feel like you've arrived at home, even though you may be thousands of miles away. You should take the time to learn more about them before you go to the country.

### Read the passage aloud and choose the best answer to complete each statement.

1.	The varied topography of New Zealand	and its sharp mountain peaks owe much to	
	A. earthquakes	B. tsunamis	
	C. sand dunes	D. tectonic uplift of land	

A. Ca	tholicism	B. Buddhism	
C. Ch	ristianity	D. totems	
3. Based	l on the text, which of	the following statements is NOT true correct?	
A. As	ians and Africans also	immigrated to New Zealand, making it a literal melting pot of	
cultures.			
B. Mo	ost of the New Zealand	ders are very friendly and polite, but Mãori are exceptions.	
C. Mo	ore than 90% of the No	ew Zealanders speak English, but Mãori speak their local dialect.	
D. Mâ	fori were the first to a	rrive in New Zealand, and they came in canoes from Hawaii.	
		ts diverse natural beauty that includes a mixture of white-sand	
	-	i trees, picturesque islands and huge sand dunes.	
A. Au	ckland	B. Wellington	
C. So	uth Island	D. Northland region	
Watch t Step 1:		and complete the following requirements.  o groups, and ask each student to take a note of what he or she	
	has watched or hear	d. Compare the notes with his/her deskmate.	
Step 2:	Make a brief summ	nary of the destination country based on the information in the	
	passage you've read as well as the video you've watched.		
	Summary:		
	(1)		
	(2)		
	(3)		
	(4)		

2. Most of the New Zealanders are immigrants from European countries who believe in



# Part Five Consolidation 第丘部分: 巩固练习

Practical Writing 应用文写作

Hotel Registration Card 酒店入住登记卡

Whether a hotel is booked through an online travel provider, a travel agent or directly with hotel staff, understanding the details of hotel registration will help ensure you a pleasant stay. Any incorrect information listed on the hotel registration may affect service quality of the hotel as well as your experience when you stay in the hotel.

Suppose you are the guest, fill out the registration card of Holiday Inn Crown Plaza and deliver it to the Front Desk clerk. Don't hesitate to ask the receptionist if you have any problems when you fill in the registration form.

### Outline:

- (1) Name of the guest
- (2) Gender
- (3) Nationality
- (4) Passport number
- (5) Private address
- (6) Others

	1: Stoliday Dnn
REGIS	TRATION CARD
5,5	CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF
Maria Grock P	THE PARTY OF LAND
SURHAMI .	
FORENAME	STOVE
FRENZ'S AC	\$4ESS
PANATE AC	04655
PROVATE AC	DATES
	LUTELOOMES FASC WHITTIN I
COUPAND A	AUTEROOMS FINE WANDIN I
COUPANY N	AUTEASSANS FISC WANDIO I
COUPANY N	AUTE LASSAN SS 6,556 WWW. TO TO THE ASSAN SS 6,556 WWW. TO THE ASSANCE THE ASS
COUPANY N	AURE ADDAMS FANC WANNER IN THE STRATON  PASSIFICATION  MEXT DESTRATON

### Translation for the Tour Leader 領队翻译

- Translate the following sentences into English with the words or phrases given.
- (1) 对不起,我们已经客满了。但是我可以介绍您去东方(Orient Hotel)饭店,那里有空余 (spare room)的房间。
- (2) 请告诉我们或在洗衣单上写明您的洗衣服务需求如熨烫(ironed)、水洗(washed)、干洗 (dry-cleaned) 或是缝补(mended),还要写明何时需要取衣服。
- (3) 我们有中餐厅(Chinese restaurant )和西餐厅(western-style restaurant), 您愿意去哪个?
- (4) 我们有理发室(barber shop)、洗衣房(laundry)、小卖部(store)、邮电服务 (telegram services)、报刊供应柜(newspaper stand)、弹子房(billiard)、乒乓球和电子游戏。
- (5) 酒店规定(stipulates )在房间内不能使用客人自带的电器(electric appliances),我们在您住店期间可以为您保存。



扫 扫,做翻译

- 2. Translate the following sentences into Chinese with the words or phrases given.
- (1) For local telephone (本地电话) calls, please press 9 first and then dial the number.
- (2) I'm sorry, we don't have any single rooms left, would you like a double room (双人间)?
- (3) Four nights at 90 US dollars each, and here are the meals (膳食) that you had at the hotel. That makes a total of 665 US dollars.
- (4) I'd like to book a single room with bath (浴室) from the after-noon of October 4 to the morning of October 10.
- (5) At what time would you like us to call (叫醒) you tomorrow morning?



打一打,做翻译。

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# Chapter

# 观光娱乐

Sightsening and Recreation

## Learning Focus 学习要点

- Case Study
   Getting Lost
- ◆ Listening Comprehension Concert Tickets
- Situational Dialogue
  - Task 7-1 Sightseeing
    - —Bus Tour
      - -Introduction to Tourist Attraction by a Local Guide
  - Task 7-2 Recreational Activities
    - BowlingNightclub
  - Task 7-3 Other Entertainments
    - Museums
    - -Theme Parks
- ◆ ABC about Destination Countries
  - ABC about France
- ♠ Consolidation
  - Practical Writing: Advertisement Translation for Tour Leader

- ◆ 案例分析 迷路了
- ◆ 听力训练 音乐会门票
  - ◆ 情景对话
  - ①观光旅游
    - ---巴士旅游 ----地陪景点讲解
    - ②娱乐活动
    - 保龄球
  - ③其他娱乐活动
    - ——博物馆
- ◆ 目的地国家概况 法国概况
- ◆ 巩固练习 应用文写作:广告 领队翻译



# Part One Case Study 第一部分。案例分析

## Getting Lost 迷路了

It was Mr. Ren's tenth wedding anniversary. The couple decided to travel in Vancouver, Canada for a celebration. Having compared several travel agencies, they decided to join a Seven-day Romantic Tour of Sleepless Vancouver launched by a well-known domestic travel agency. The tour members are all couples or lovers, having a dream to enjoy their sweet time in Canada.

One day, after they visited the attractions specified in the travel schedule, the tour leader suggested they go back to the hotel. All tour members agreed. Having arrived at the hotel, they felt tired. Some of them splashed water in the swimming pool for relaxation while others went back to their rooms for a rest. Mr. Ren, however, intended to buy a gift for his wife to commemorate their wedding anniversary. He came up to the tour leader and said: "We'd like go out shopping, Mr. Zhang." The tour leader replied: "OK, but please come back before dinner time." They gave a nod as a signal of consent, and then went out together.

The couple arrived at a large shopping mall near the hotel by taxi, shopping from one store to another. After hours, they came to know that they had got lost. They tried hard to find the familiar buildings that could direct them back to the hotel, but in vain. Then, they tried to take a taxi, but the taxi driver could not help because they forgot taking the hotel card with them. They tried to recall the hotel's name, but neither of them could remember it. What could they do?

When they were in trouble, it happened that somebody hailed them. It was Ricky, an overseas Chinese businessman who lived in the same hotel. Luckily enough, he could speak Chinese. Knowing what had happened to the couple, he said: "I am going back to the hotel. Come on with me." When they got to the hotel, Mr. Ren expressed his thanks to Ricky again and again. Ricky told him, "When you go out next time, please take the hotel card with you. The taxi driver will take you to your hotel if you get lost."



扫一扫,看译文。

- Study the case carefully. Decide whether the following statements are true or false and write T for true and F for false.
- The tour leader should not arrange any free activities after they finish visiting the sites according to the travel schedule.
- (2) The tour leader should stay with all tour members when they have free activities.
- (3) \_\_\_\_\_The tour leader made a mistake because he allowed the couple to go shopping alone.
- (4) \_\_\_\_\_The tour leader is to blame although he has reminded the couple of coming back before dinner time.
- (5) The tour leader should pay Ricky because he sent the couple back to the hotel.



Divide the class into several groups for a brief discussion. One student makes a presentation of the main points discussed and the others give comments on the presentation.

Discussions: What can a tour leader do to prevent tourists from getting lost?

#### Comments:

- (1)\_\_\_\_\_
- (2)
- (3)
- (4)\_\_\_\_\_
- (5)\_\_\_\_



1 + 1 + 2



#### 小知识 -

### 游览中领队的工作

- 在前往景点的途中、导游向府客介绍当地的风上人情、自然禁观、回答游客提出的问题,报达景点后,向游客详细讲解该景点,尤其是景点的历史价值和特色。领队应益督当地导游完成这项工作。
- 2 荷觉过程中、领队应随时清点人数、以防脔客走失。领队的站位、应该始终是在团队的最后、与导阶形成首尾四
- 揭交通、天气的原因调整旅游行程、领队在与导游进行磋商后、应将调整后的日程及 时通知到每一位旅游者、并征得其同意。



# **Part Two** Listening Comprehension 第二部分: 听力训练

## Words and Expressions

architectural	adj.	建筑上的	landmark	n.	地标
glance	n.	一瞥	depict	ν.	描述
acoustics	n.	音响效果	unparalleled	adj.	无与伦比的
ticket broker		票务代理	cancel	ν.	取消
refund	и.	退款	counterfeit	adj.	假冒的

## Concert Tickets 音乐会门票

1. Listen to the dialogue and fill in the blanks with the missing information you've heard.



扫 抽 师 师

Walt Disney Concert Ha	all is one of the best (1)	in the world, and its
building is regarded as an int	. When coming to	
have a glance at it, you may	depict it with two words: unique and	d (3)
The construction cost is also	the highest. The acoustics is very m	agnificent, and the musical
experience in it is (4)	. If you have a chance to	enjoy a live concert there,
it must be an (5)	experience. But it is hard to	get tickets there. To get the
tickets, you may surf its websit	te to see what programs are on, book	tickets (6)
or over the phone. If all ticket	s have been sold out, you can check	newspaper classified ads or
other online user-to-user sales	areas, or even contact a ticket (7)	for sold out
tickets. If the concert is cancel	ed, you cannot get the (8)	And you should also
be careful because some peopl	e may sell (9)tick	ets.
Grand Control		



2. Fill in the blanks with the words and expressions given below and change their forms when necessary.

attractive	over	sell out	magnificence	expensive
counterfeiting	landmark	height	classify	living
(1) The building	g they've just pa	ssed by differs	from others and	people' attentions.
(2) It is one of t	he world-best c	oncert halls and	is regard as an inter-	national
(3) The expense	of the building	isthan	other similar buildin	gs.
(4) You can enj	oy the unparalle	led musical exp	erience because of it	s acoustics.
(5) To enjoy a_	conc	ert will be an u	nforgettable experies	nce.
(6) People cou	ld search its w	ebsite to see w	hat programs are o	on and book tickets online
or	the phone.			
(7) What measu	ires we should to	ake if all tickets	already have been_	·/
(8) Checking ne	ewspaper	ads i	s a good way to look	for some sold out tickets.
(9) Those ticket	s bought from s	uch ways are le	ss than	their face value.
(10) Please be o	areful because	tio	kets will get you int	to trouble.
m:px:rm				
	1 / .			
	1		040	

# Part Three Situational Dialogue 第三部分: 情景对话

## Words and Expressions

jukebox	n.	自动唱机	speakeasy	n.	非法经营的酒吧
retract	ν.	縮回	bartender	n.	酒吧侍者
foul line		边线	cradle	ν.	怀抱
icon	n.	符号	posture	n.	姿势
escort	ν.	护送	stamp	n.	印章
transit	n.	中转	transfer	ν.	转乘

Task 7-1 Sightseeing 观光旅游

## Bus Tour 巴上旅游

1. Listen to the dialogue and write numbers in the blanks to show the correct order of the conversation.



扫 扫, 听 听.

(D=Driver; L=Tour Leader)
(1) <b>D</b> : Hello, will you get on?
(2) <b>D:</b> Yes, get on please.
(3) T: Thank you so much!
(4) D: Transfer to bus No. 2 when we get to Downtown Transit Center. Here are maps.
Feel free to take one with you.
(5) T: Excuse me, sir. I want to go to the Gallery. How could I get there?
(6) <b>D</b> : One dollar. Put it into the slot. Since you have to transfer, I will give you a Q Card
So you can transfer any bus number without paying extra fare within two hours.
(7) <b>D:</b> Please push the stop button when it reaches your stop.
(8) T: Hello, is the bus to Downtown Transit Center?
(9) T: Thanks. It's very kind of you.
(10) T: Thank you. And how much is the fare?
(11) T: I'm escorting a tour group. Would you please remind me when we reach
Downtown Transit Center?
(12) D: No problem. You can take a look at the schedule on your map.
2. Listen to the dialogue again, and act it out with your deskmate. Pay attention
to your body language.
Introduction to Tourist Attraction by a Local Guide 地暗景点讲解
1. Listen to the dialogue and complete the following sentences in your own
words.
■ <b>大き</b> 打 : 打 : 打 : 打 : 打 : 打 : 打 : 打 : 打 : 打
(1) The local guide will escort tourists to discover .
(2) The postcard will have a special stamp on it,
(3) The Eiffel Tower is the landmark of Paris, and also

, the same height as an



Role play: Listen to the dialogue again and act it out with your partner using information you've heard.

Task 7-2 Recreational Activities 娱乐活动

### Bowling 保龄球

1. Listen to the dialogue and answer the following questions.



扫 扫, 听 呖

- (1) What is the most important aspect a player should follow?
- (2) Is the right posture very important for a player? How can he keep the right posture?
- (3) Why should the player look at the pins when delivering the ball?
- (4) Where should the player stand on the approach?
- (5) What is the proper way for a player to release the ball?



打 打, 有答案

Role play: One student plays the role of the coach while another plays the role of the tour leader. Show how to play bowling to the tour members.

### Nightclub 夜总会

1. Listen to the dialogue and put the following responses in the correct order.





### Bartender

- (1) Welcome to Pure Nightclub Las -Vegas. What can I do for you?
- (2) Ok, here you are. Is this your first time to come here? What about it?
- (3) Wow, you know the club well. Eh, from about 1900 to 1920, Americans would gather at honky tonks or juke joints to dance to music played on a piano or a jukebox. It is the original form of the nightclub.
- (4) Yes, but I still don't know the reasons for prohibition. Do you know?
- (5) I agree with you. Please enjoy yourself.

### Tour Leader

- A. Yes. It's amazing. We like the electronic dance music, disco, house and hip hop and so on. And the lively atmosphere makes us so relaxed.
- B. Of course. I'm very glad to talk with you. See you.
- C. I am not clear about it, either. I think at that time, people couldn't embrace the edgy entertainment.
- D. Thanks. Give us the most popular wine in your club.
- E. Great. But once upon a time, it was forbidden and went underground as illegal speakeasy bars.



Divide the class into groups of two or three students, and make the dialogue again.

Task 7-3 Other Entertainments 其他娱乐活动

### Museums 恒物份

 Listen to the dialogue and pick up the right picture based on the information you have heard.







2. Listen to the dialogue again and do a situational dialogue with your partner.

### Theme Parks 主题公司

1. Listen to the dialogue and fill in the blanks with correct information.



(2) The entertainment item:
(3) The reason for the fear of the ride:

(4) The reason for taking the ride:



1 . 1 . .

Role play with your partner. One student plays the role of the tour leader while another plays the role of a tour member. Role-play the dialogue again.

# Part Four ABC about Destination Countries 第四部分: 目的地国家概况

### France 法国

France lies in the heart of Europe with a total area of 551,000 square kilometers and a population of 57,500,000. French borders on Italy, Switzerland and Monaco (摩纳哥) in the east and Germany, Belgium (比利时) and Luxembourg (卢森堡公园) in the northeast and Spain, Andorra (安道尔共和国) in the southwest and England to the northwest. French is symmetrical hexagon (六边形). Basically French is a plain country. 80% of its territory is plain and hill. Plain land at an elevation(海拔) of below 250 meters is about 60% of its total areas. Hills between 200 to 250 are about 20% while more than 500 is about 20%. The terrain (地形) is low in northwest and high in southeast.

Paris is the capital and most populous city of France. The centre of Paris contains the most visited monuments in the city, including Notre Dame de Paris (巴黎圣母院) and the Louvre Museum (卢泽宫) as well as Church Sainte-Chapelle (圣礼拜堂), The National Residence of the Invalides (巴黎荣军院), where the tomb of Napoleon (李破仝寨) is located. The Eiffel Tower (埃菲尔铁塔) is located on the Left Bank south-west of the centre, and other landmarks are laid out east to west along the historical axis of Paris. For centuries, Paris has attracted artists from around the world, who arrive in the city to educate themselves and to seek inspiration from its vast pool of artistic resources and galleries. As a result, Paris has acquired a reputation as the "City of Art".

When talking about France, we can't ignore the culture of French food and drink. The food and drink in France enjoys a long lasting fame for its long history, various and dainty (精 资的) kinds, and unique character. Its cooking skills are the second to none among the western style food, of which the French feel proud. In terms of drink, what the French like most is grape wine. When they have a meal, the French will pay much attention to the match of dainty cakes and wine, such as meat with red grape wine, fish with white grape wine and so on. Besides, Frenchmen are fond of cheeses with different tastes. Its consumption quantity ranks first in the world, therefore France was given the name of "Kingdom of Cheese".

France is the first tourism country in the world. It has 37 sites inscribed in UNESCO's World Heritage List and features cities of high cultural interest, beaches and seaside resorts, ski resorts (滑雪胜地), and rural regions that many enjoy for their beauty and tranquility (green tourism). Small and picturesque French villages are promoted through the association Les Plus Beaux Villages de France ("The Most Beautiful Villages of France"). The "Remarkable Gardens" label is a list of the over 200 gardens classified by the French Ministry of Culture. This label is intended to protect and promote remarkable gardens and parks. In this romantic

country, you can enjoy famous snacks and grape wine, at the same time you can also enjoy beautiful rural scenery (田国风光) or significant Medieval castle (中世纪城堡) or the joy of sking in snowcapped Alps or you may swim in the attractive blue sea and feel the glamour (整力) of this romantic capital which is filled with cultural and modern taste.

Read the passag	e aloud and	choose the best	answer to com	plete each statement.
-----------------	-------------	-----------------	---------------	-----------------------

- France lies in the heart of Europe and borders on
- A. Italy, Switzerland and Monaco in the southeast
- B. Germany, Belgium and Luxembourg in the northeast
- C. Spain, Monaco and Luxembourg in the southwest
- D. England, Andorra and Switzerland to the northwest
- 2. The centre of Paris contains the most visited monuments in the city, including
- A the Fiffel Tower
- B. Musée du Louvre
- C. Notre Dame Cathedral
- D. Les Plus Beaux Villages de France
- 3. Based on the text, which of the following statements is NOT true?
- A. The tourists enjoy the rural regions of France for their beauty and tranquility.
- B. French terrain is low in northwest and high in southeast with a long coastline in the east.
- C. There are a lot of cultural heritage sites and many tourist activities in France.
- D. For its long history, the food and drink in France enjoys a long lasting fame.
- 4. We can infer from the passage that
- A. France is a tourism country which attracts a great number of tourists from around the world.
- B. The French are pound of their cooking skills which are the best among the western style food.
- C. France is reputed as the "Kingdom of Cheese", and love cheese with different tastes.
- D. Paris has acquired a reputation as the "City of Remarkable Gardens" for its numerous gardens.



扫 ·扫, 有答案。

Watch the short video twice, and complete the following requirements.

Step 1: Divide the class into groups, and ask each student to take a note of what he or she

### 出暗编队革运

has watched or heard. Compare the notes with his/her deskmate.

Step 2: Make a brief summary of the destination country based on the information in the passage you've read as well as the video you've watched.

Summary:	
(1)	
(2)	
(3)	
(4)	
(5)	



打一扫, 看视频

1///

## Part Five Consolidation 第五部分二巩固练习

### Practical Writing 应用文写作

### Advertisement 广告

No matter how great your hotel or nightclub is, no one will ever know unless you advertise it. Write concisely, yet truthfully. Make sure to use selling adjectives such as "best", "great", "excellent" and "effective". Think about the possibility of offering a first time incentive. A free sample, trial or even a money-back guarantee will draw customers to your product. You may invite guests to taste some new tea, or you may allow them to enjoy the new liquor with 50% discount. In order to spark the interest of your regular guests, you may also offer them a few free bottles of wines.

Suppose you're the manager of the nightclub in the hotel, write an advertisement to promote the beverage in your restaurant.

### Outline:

(1) Names of the discounted wine or liquor 打折酒品名

- (2) The features of each wine or liquor 酒的特征
- (3) Location of the nightclub 夜店位置
- (4) Service hours 营业时间
- (5) How to make reservations (Tel. No.) 如何预订(电话, ××××)

### Translation for the Tour Leader 领队翻译

- Translate the following sentences into English with the words or phrases given.
- (1) 黄石国家公园是美国最大、最负盛名(foremost)的国家公园。它最吸引人的地方之一 在于它的喷泉。
- (2) 请记住,在这儿过马路要先看右边(look to the right),而不是像你们国家往左看,所以一定要注意。
- (3) 在少数民族(ethnic minorities)地区旅游,你不但能观赏到美丽的风景,还能领略到当地的民俗和传统文化。
- (4) 卢浮宫(Louvre)每个月第一个星期日免费开放。
- (5) 每个项目都有一个售票亭(a ticket booth)。您可以在那里买票。



扫一扫, 做翻译

- 2. Translate the following sentences into Chinese with the words or phrases given.
- To pick up a map as soon as you enter the museum and take a few moments to acquaint yourself with(熟悉) the exhibits and layout.
- (2) Westminster Abbey is not only a church and the place where monarchs (君主) are crowned but also the rest place of famous statesmen, scientists, poets and musicians.
- (3) You can check newspaper classified ads (分类广告)or other online user-to-user sales areas, even contact a ticket broker.
- (4) By the way, can I take the tram (电车) free by the admission ticket? I forgot taking pocket money with me.
- (5) The concert hall is in Tivoli. We can spend the day playing in the park and then catch a concert there at night.



扫一扫,做翻译

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# Chariter

# **国沙与自由活动**

Shopping and Free Activities

## Learning Focus

- Case Study An Unpleasant Shopping
- ◆ Listening Comprehension Shopping Tips
- Situational Dialogue
  - Task 8-1 Shopping Abroad
    - -At the Duty-free Shop
  - Task 8-2 Public Transportation
    - -Taking Subways
    - -Taking Taxis
  - Task 8-3 Bars and Restaurants
    - -At the Restaurant
    - -Footing the Bill
  - Task 8-4 Others
    - -At the Post Office
    - -Currency Exchange
- ◆ ABC about Destination Countries ABC about Italy
- Consolidation

Practical Writing: Exchange Form Translation for Tour Leader

案例分析 不愉快的驱物

- **听力训练**
- 购物小窍门 情景对话
  - ①境外购物

    - ②公共交通
  - ——乘坐计程车
    - ③酒吧和餐馆

  - 一付账 ④ 其他事项
  - ---在邮局
  - ---货币兑换
- 目的地国家概况 意大利概况
- 巩固练习 应用文写作: 兑换单 领队翻译

# Part One Case Study 第一部分:案例分析

## An Unpleasant Shopping 不愉快的购物

Ms. Yang joined a seven-day tour to Thailand. The tour leader claimed that he would provide tourists with good service and protect their interests. If they had any request, he would do his best to help. The tour leader went well with the tourists during the trip.

One day, while shopping in a shopping mall, the tour leader tried to recommend jewelry to the tour members and helped them to select the products. He vigorously promoted the jewelry, saying how cheap and beautiful they were. At his advice, the tourists bought a lot of jewelry.

Back in China, Ms. Yang was worried about the jewelry's quality. He entrusted a jewelry test center to appraise the jewels she bought, and some of them turned out to be defective products. Ms. Yang requested the travel service for a compensation, but it did not work. Then, she reported the matter to the relevant administration. After investigation, the administration ordered the travel service to do an apology and compensate for Ms. Yang. In addition, the administration conducted administrative penalty on the travel service.



扫一扫。蜀译龙

- Study the case carefully. Decide whether the following statements are true or false and write T for true and F for false.
- The tour leader would be kind to the tourists all the way and claimed that he would protect the interests of tourists.
- (2) \_\_\_\_The tour leader said that he would try his best to meet the demands the tourists proposed.
- During the shopping time, the tour leader recommended perfect-quality merchandise to tourists.
- (4) The jewels recommended by the tour leader were accordance with their real value as the tour leader said.
- (5) \_\_\_\_Ms. Yang asked a jewelry appraisal testing center to identify the jewels, however, there were flaws.



打·扫,有答案。

Divide the class into several groups for a brief discussion. One student makes a presentation of the main points discussed and the others give comments on the presentation.

Discussions:	What	could	the	tour	leader	do	when	tourists	make	some	shoppi	ing?
Comments:												

1)			
2)			
3)			





#### 购物时领队的工作

- 領队应益督导游安推购物次数。如导游视镜加购物次数、事先领与领队商量、并且必 绿红建游客的可意。
- 2. 领队应前游客介绍本地商品的特色、讲清购物停留时间、介绍购物的有关注意事项。
- 3 \ N版应随时向游客提供在购物过程中所需要的服务,如语言翻译、介绍托运手续等。
- (領队应了解欧洲国家的退税规定,提前向海客介绍。在游客到商店购物时,提配府客 别忘记要发票
- 商店不按质论价、抛售的方商品、不提供标准服务时、额队应出面与商店交涉、以维护将条的利益不受候害。

# **Part Two** Listening Comprehension 第二部分: 听力训练

#### Words and Expressions

bargain	n.	减价货	blowout	n.	盛大聚会
promotional	adj.	促销的	off-price	adj.	廉价的
couture	n.	时装	mark down		降价

### Shopping Tips 购物小窍门

1. Listen to the passage and fill in the blanks with the missing information you have heard.



department stores frequently p	rovide discount and (1)	to encourage
shoppers to spend. With the ri	ght information, you don't nec	d to shop less, just (2)
, Wi	th the right tips to help you bar	gain shop, you can still look
good and feel good without brea	king the bank.	
For label lovers, off-price s	tores offer heavily discounted de	signer and brand-name items
direct from (3)	. Here you can find coutt	re brands from Fendi all the
way to Calvin Klein and Juicy C	outure at heavily (4)	. For those who are
not particularly concerned with	brand names, head to your loca	1 (5)
such as Target, Kmart or Walma	rt. These days, chain stores are s	tocking excellent basics such
as denim, shirts, underwear and	simple business attire.	
As with anything in life, tir	ning is everything. You can catch	(6)
during holidays. If you go shop	oing during these days, you will	likely notice they sometimes
hold "25% off," "take an extra	10% off" or "buy one, get one l	half off" sales to make room
for new stock. If you shop duri	ng a sale, you can find items up	to 70 percent off of (7)
. This	will allow you to still get the pro-	ducts you love but for a much
cheaper price.		



扫 -扫,有答案。

2. Fill in the blanks with the words and expressions given below and change their forms when necessary.

discount	tip	promotion	sell
stock	frequent	chain	
	will find that depart	tment stores	provide discount to
	ght shopping are shopping.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	tourists can still look good and feel good
	lovers, off-price sto department stores.	res offer heavily	brand-name items
business.	stores are stoc	king excellent bas	ics such as shirts, underwear and simple
	ything in life, timing	, .	he tourists. They can get cheaper products
	s department stores h lf off" sales to mak		"take an extra 10% off" or "buy one,
(7) Tourists	can get the produc	cts they love bu	t for a much cheaper price during a
	ζ,		

# Part Three Situational Dialogue

第三部分:情景对话

## **Words and Expressions**

cosmetic	n.	化妆品	perfume	n.	香水
Burberry	n.	巴宝莉	Lancôme	n.	兰蔻
fragrance	n.	芳香剂	intercontinental	n.	摩天楼
Embraer	n.	巴西航空工业公司	authentic	adj.	真正的
vermouth	n.	苦艾酒	equivalent	adj.	相等的

## Task 8-1 Shopping Abroad 境外购物

#### At the Duty-free Shop 在免税店

Listen to the dialogue and write numbers in the blanks to show the correct order of the conversation.



扫一扫, 听一听

D	
	(T= Tour Leader; S=Shop Assistant)
	(1) S: My pleasure.
	(2) T: Please pack it for her. Thank you.
	(3) S: Good morning, sir.
	(4) T: Yes, how much is this?
	_(5) S: There are toys, story books and Barbie. Which one does she want?
	(6) T: Good morning, miss. What do you have for us?
	(7) <b>S:</b> 35 dollars.
	(8) T: Do you have anything for children? This lady wants to buy a gift for her daughter.
	(9) S: OK, do you like this one? This style is popular among the people. Many tourists
	would like to take it as their souventrs.
	(10) T: She said she'd like to have the Barbie.
	(11) S: We have a broad selection of affordable high quality products. Our catalogue
	includes cosmetics and fragrances for men and women, gift items for adults and



打一打,有答案

children, confectionery, and jewelry.

2. Listen to the dialogue again, and act it out with your deskmate. Pay attention to your body language.

### Task 8-2 Public Transportation 公共交通

## Taking Subways 乘平地铁

 Listen to the dialogue carefully and fill in the blanks with information you hear.



(T= Tour Lea	der; C=Clerk)	
Excuse me.		
: What can I do for	you?	
T: (1)	?	
: The pavilion over	there.	
: Thank you. I'd li	ke to visit the Statue of Liberty. (2)	It seems
an't find the stop in	the Metro Instruction Map.	
C: (3)	. And get off at the South Ferry.	
: I see. Thank you	very much.	
08%0		
	190	
/ Marin		



2. Pair Work: Make a situational dialogue with your partner.					
Taking Taxis 乗坐计程车					
1. Listen to the dialogue and put	the following re	sponses in the correct order.			
■					
Tour Leader	& VY	Driver			
(1) Hey, taxi! Thanks for pulling over		A. You're welcome.			
(2) We are going to Broadway.		B. Well. It is quite easy to tell.			
(3) Yeah. How did you know?		C. Where to?			
(4) Is it that obvious?		D. Is this your first time to the city?			

#### 出境领队英语

(5) Oh, before I forget, can you recommend any good restaurants downtown that offer meals at a reasonable? price?

(6) Sounds great! Thank you.

E. Well, the Mexican restaurant, Peter's, is fantastic. It's not as expensive as other places I know.

F. Well, I can tell tourists from the local people because they walk down the street looking straight up at the skyscrapers.



Divide the class into groups of two or three students, and do the dialogue again.

### Task 8-3 Bars and Restaurants 酒吧和餐馆

#### At the Restaurant 在餐馆

Listen to the situational dialogue carefully and match the information in column A with that in column B.



扫一扫, 听一听。

Column A	Column B				
(1) main course	A. sparkling mineral water				
(2) salad	B. a bowl of clam chowder, a wild salmon				
(3) drink	C. a chocolate cake				
(4) dessert after meal	D. a mixed fruit salad				
(5) extra service	E. a bucket of ice				



## 2. Listen to the dialogue again and fill in the blanks with information you hear.

(T=Tour leader; W=Waiter)
W: Good evening, sir. Here is our menu. Would you like (1)
T: Yes, sparkling mineral water, please.
W: No problem. Are you ready to order now, or (2)
T: I'm ready to order now.
W: (3)?
T: I'd like to have a bowl of clam chowder, a wild salmon.
W: OK! (4)?
T: And a mixed fruit salad please.
W: (5)?
T: A chocolate cake, please.
W; (6)
T: Yes. Thank you.
W: Let me repeat your order: a bowl of clam chowder, a wild salmon, a mixed salad and
chocolate cake. (7)?
T: Yes. By the way, could you bring me a bucket of ice please?
W: Sure, sir. I'll be right back to you (8)
Footing the Bitt 付账
<ol> <li>Listen to the dialogue and complete the following statements according t the information you have heard.</li> </ol>
(1) The tourists had their dinner
(2) The tour leader showed the waiter
(3) The waiter would put the charge
(4) The tourists would check out by

Listen to the dialogue again and choose the right picture which stands for the method of payment.





扫·扫,有答案

Task 8-4 Others 其他事項

At the Post Office 信邮局

1. Listen to the dialogue and fill in blanks with what you've just heard.



扫一扫, 听一听

(T=Tour	Leader;	S=Staff at t	he Post	Office

3:	Next	piease:	Hello,	may 1	neip	you,	SIT!	
ran-								

T: Yes, I want to send (1)

S: OK, it comes to \$5.

T: Here is 10 dollars.

S: Here is your change. (2)\_\_\_\_\_

T: Here is your receipt. Anything else?

S: (3) . This is the notice.

T: Let me see...Hmm...Just a minute.

S: Here it is. (4)\_\_\_\_\_

T: Thank you.



f f '

2. Role play: One student plays the role of the staff at the post office while

#### another plays the role of the tour leader.

#### Currency Exchange 货币兑换

 Listen to the dialogue and mark the following sentences with T (true) and F (false).



扫 - 扫, 听 - 听

- (1) The tour leader wanted to cash his personal checks and change some Euros in the hotel.
- (2) The tour leader must write his name and passport number on the slip when he wiped his credit card.
- (3)\_\_\_\_\_ The tour leader must present his identity card when he exchanges foreign currencies.
- (4) The tour leader was requested to fill in one memo before exchanging US dollars.
- (5) \_\_\_\_\_ The tour leader needed one-dollar notes because he wanted to go shopping in the duty-free shops.



扫一扫, 有答案

- 2. Listen to the dialogue again and answer the following questions
- (1) What was the exchange rate on that day?
- (2) What should the tour leader write on the memo for exchanging dollars?
- (3) What did the cashier remind the tour leader to do after exchange of the money?
- (4) What could the tour leader do with the dollars left with him?



t 1 1 -



# Part Four ABC about Destination Countries 第四部分:目的地国家概况

#### Italy 意大利

Italy is a beautiful country but is one of those countries which you probably have some questions and preconceptions, before your coming to this special country. A place of olive oil (橄榄油), pasta, wine, mafia and sunshine, Roman ruins and renaissance (文艺复兴) palaces, Italy has a lot to give its tourists. Although some of these conceptions are amazing and interesting, it would be a shame if that was the only thing you come away with. Italy is certainly much more complex and stimulating than these concepts.

Italy is a country full of interesting things for the casual tourist and the educated tourist; it has deep Roman Catholic (罗马天主教) roots. The tourists can stay weeks in important tourist centers without reason to feel bored, but it is equally simple to get off the beaten track. In the north, next to the Alps (阿尔卑斯山) and the landscapes of the Po River (波河), many cultural gems (宝石) and highly developed industrial cities fascinate the people all over the world.

Italians are very proud of their cuisine (業肴) and rightly so, for their food is renowned throughout the world. Italians trace their gastronomic (美食的) heritage to Romans, Greeks, Etruscans (伊特鲁里亚) and other Mediterranean (地中鄉) peoples who elaborated the methods of raising, refining and preserving foods. Italian cooking is still very regional with the different towns and regions having their own traditions and specialities (特)%). Many mouth watering dishes await the intrepid traveller, hundreds of gastronomy specialities, a lot of truly tasty typical products, and all kept very much alive by a modern agricultural system that is careful about preserving the traditional flavours and nutritional values. You will discover a much wider variety of food compared to the dishes often offered in Italian restaurants abroad.

Italy is a land of beauty and glory. The Italians celebrate Christmas and New Year with great pomp (盛况) and show. There are hundreds of festivals held every year in nearly every town in Italy. Celebrations, festivals and street parties are a big part of life in Italy. The bright and colorful festivals in Italy all year round, attract a considerable amount of tourists. Even they too get involved deeply in the multiple hues (色调) of the festive ambience (气氛). Many Italian weekends are spent celebrating food, art, and culture of Italy. Festivals are a way to get in tune with Italian culture. The Italians are more or less always in a festive mood. Every now and then a festive spirit is in the air. The various carnivals, food and wine tasting, Jazz, football, all are parts of the festivities. Italy even hosts a number of international events like, Film Festivals. Dance Festivals and Art Festivals.

#### Read the passage aloud and choose the best answer to complete each statement.

<ol> <li>Tourists love Italy because it is</li> </ol>	famous except for .
A. Roman ruins	B. olive oils
C. mosques	D. renaissance palaces
A 11 . CT. 11 . 1 11	
Most of Italians believe in	, and you will see some famous religious building
Rome.	
A. Christianity	B. Buddhism
C. Islam	D. Catholicism
3. Which mountain lies in the nor	th of Italy?
A. the Alps	B. Mont Blanc
C. the Pyrenees	D. Mount Everest

- 4. Which of the following statement is Not true?
- A. Italy is complex and stimulating.
- B. Italians are very proud of their agriculture.
- C. Italian food is very ample.
- D. Italy holds hundreds of festivals every year in nearly every town.



in

扫 扫, 有答案

#### Watch the short video twice, and complete the following requirements.

- Step 1: Divide the class into groups, and ask each student to take a note of what he or she has watched or heard. Compare the notes with his/her desk mate.
- Step 2: Make a brief summary of the destination country based on the information in the passage you've read as well as the video you've watched.

Summary:	
Summary: (1)	
(2)	
(3)	
(4)	

(5)



打一寸1,看视频。

# Part Five Consolidation 第五部分: 巩固练习

#### Practical Writing 原用文写作



Depending on where you travel, currency exchange rates can either help you get great bargains or make your trip surprisingly expensive. No matter how strong your home currency is relative to the local currency, however, you want to make sure you're getting the best exchange rate possible whenever you need to get cash or make a purchase. Avoid the exchange companies and Cambio booths that you will see in most train stations and airports. They are convenient, and sometimes (especially in an emergency after banking hours) indispensable, but they frequently charge very high prices in return for the convenience. If you need to get cash, and you can't find an ATM, your best bet is to go to a large bank, post office.

Suppose you are a tourist and fill out the exchange form. Don't hesitate to ask the tour leader if you have any problems when you fill out the form.

#### Outline:

- 1. Traveler's Full Name 全名
- 2. Nationality 国籍
- 3. Passport No. 护照编号
- 4. ID. No. 身份证号
- 5. Full Address in ××× 详细地址
- 6. Currency 币种
- 7. Cash Notes 金额
- 8. Travelers' Checks 旅行支票
- 9. Bank Checks 银行支票
- 10. Other 备注
- 11. For Official Use Only 仅限官方使用
- 12. Signature of Traveler 游客签字

- 13. Official Seal and Signature 公章及签字
- 14. Date 日期
- 15. Date of Conversion 兑换日期
- 16. Type of Foreign Exchange 外汇种类
- 17. Amount in Foreign Exchange 外汇金额
- 18. Balance by Currency 货币平衡
- 19. Authorized Bank or Dealer 指定银行或代理商
- 20. Signature and Seal 答字和盖章

Country	Correnes	150	107/29/07	07/31/17	95 K	hange (2)	
-	ARGENTINA	rieso	ARS	17 79746	\$ \$12.50	-0.6066%	+
×	AUSTRALIA	Domi	ALD	1 254675	1.253663	-0.0807%	+
	AUSTRIA	Luro	LUR	0 852355	0.851158	-0.1404%	+
	BELGIUM	Ente	LLR	0 852355	0.851158	-0.1404%	+
9	BRAZII	Real	BRI	3 151397	3,134336	-0.5414%	+
*	CANADA	Dorlar	CAD	1 251108	1.248135	-0.2376%	+
	CHILL	Peso	CLP	650 9885	651,4936	±0.0776%	+
*)	CHIZZ	Youn	CZZ	6 741750	6,72987	-0.1761%	+
	CAECH REP.	Koruna	CVF	22 19862	22 18291	-0.0708%	+
	DENMARK	Keens	DKK	6 321448	6.312571	-0.1404%	+
1.0	EUROPEAN UNION	Luro	LUR	0 852355	0.851158	-0.1404%	+
E Jessell	LINLAND	Luis	LUR	0 852355	9.851158	-0.1404%	+
	1RANCE	Lure	ELR	0 852355	0.851158	-0.1404%	+

Note: Currency Rates Per 1.00 US Dollar

#### Translation for the Tour Leader领队翻译

- Translate the following sentences into English with the words or phrases given.
- (1) 大型百货商店大多不讲价、但经常用降价(slash price)促销来吸引顾客。
- (2) 虽然逛夜市(night bazaar)你能讨价还价,但是记住这些市场购买的产品没有很好的 保障。
- (3) 为什么不让其他团员在直销店(outlet store)购买一些深海鱼油呢?
- (4) 你必须到银行、机场或火车站的货币兑换处(money exchange counter)去兑换。
- (5) 如果外汇兑换券(Foreign Exchange Certificates)用不完该怎么办?



扫一扫,做翻译。

### Translate the following sentences into Chinese with the words or phrases given.

- Hong Kong is the world's fourth largest exporter of jewelry (珠宝) and it has more jewelry shops per square kilometer than any other city in the world.
- (2) This guitar is inexpensive ( 不贵), but it is still well made and easy to play.
- (3) We will give you a written warranty (保证书) for the product you buy.
- (4)When you make a purchase, it is always a good idea to find out the store's return and exchange policy (退货和退款规定).
- (5) When you are leaving the European Union countries, please remember to take this refund form (退税表) with the item you bought to the Customs at the airport for stamping



扫 : 扫, 做翻译

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# Chapter

# 安全与应急处理

Security and Emorgancies

## Learning Focus 学习要点

- ◆ Case Study

  A Traffic Accident
- Listening Comprehension Accidents and Injuries
- ◆ Situational Dialogue

Task 9-1 Tourist Missing and Items Lost

-Air Tickets Lost

Task 9-2 Illness and Care

-Food Poisoning

Task 9-3 Accidents and Injuries

-Anklebone Fracture

- ◆ ABC about Destination Countries

  ABC about Switzerland
- Consolidation

Practical Writing: Fire Warning

Translation for Tour Leader

- ◆ 案例分析 交通事故
- ◆ 听力训练 事故与伤害
- ◆ 情景对话

①游客走失及遗失物品

---遊失机票

②疾病与护理

---食物中毒

③事故与伤害 ——踝关节骨折

◆ 目的地国家概况

H #3-EH X-19106

瑞士概况

◆ 巩固练习

应用文写作: 火警通告

领队翻译



# Part One Case Study 第一部分:案例分析

#### A Traffic Accident 交通事故

In June of 2012, Mr. Diao paid 6300 RMB for a five-day tour to Singapore, Malaysia and Thailand. The tour was conducted by Shanghai JinJian Travel Co. Ltd., On June 10th, 2012, Mr. Diao was knocked over by a motorbike when he traveled in Malaysia. His camera fell down to the ground, and his clothes damaged. Back in China, he entrusted the travel service to file a claim, but received only 3872 RMB from the insurance company.

Mr. Diao disagreed, he started the legal proceedings against the travel service in the Shanghai Luwan District Court, and requested the defendant to pay him 500,000 RMB for his economic and mental damage. The court entrusted a judicial appraisal center to have a medicolegal identification. The result of the report confirmed: fracture of the left lateral tibial plateau; and his left knee joint cannot move freely, which has reached the tenth class of disability. The medical expenses were far more than the amount that the insurance company was liable for.

After a cautious trial, the court finally issued an order: Taking into account the plaintiff's mental sufferings, the defendants should pay the mental damage. Then, the court judicially sentenced that Shanghai Jinjian Travel Co. Ltd should pay the plaintiff 340,000 RMB, including medical care fees, transportation fees, nutritional expenses, care services, camera repair fee, disability and mental damage solatium.



2. Try to put forward more suggestion	s to the tour leader who is handling the
case of traffic accident.	
(1)	
(2)	
(3)	

1. Discussions: How can you handle the case if you were a tour leader?



扫·扫,有答案。



#### 小知识

#### 领队境外应急处理

#### 1. 交通事故

- (1)领队应该迅速抢救伤员。同时应沉着冷静、迅速将游客撤到安全的地方。
- (2)领队应该对伤员进行止血及伤口包扎,尽快将重伤者送往就近医院抢救。
- (3)如有重大伤亡、应立即联系救护车、保护好现场、以便相关部门调查处理。

#### 2. 火灾

- (1)游客应该立刻报火警。
- (2)领队应该告诉游客发生火灾,并且带他们通过安全紧急出口到达安全的地方。
- (3)警告游客不能乘坐电梯。由于火灾可能造破停电。骤客会被困在电梯里。

#### 3 突发心脏病

- (1)領队不能拿出自己的對给病人服用。(內)为他没有处方权。如果其他醇客不是医生、領队 也不能从他们那里取對给薪人服用。
- - (3)领队应当立即拨判中活叫救护车、将病人送往附近的医院救治。

# Part Two Listening Comprehension 第二部分:听力训练

## 彩一部分: 听刀训练

#### Words and Expressions

account for		(在数量、比例上)占	rafting	n.	漂流
gliding	n.	滑翔,滑行	hazard	n.	危险
pedestrian	n.	行人, 路人	signal	n.	信号

#### Accidents and Injuries 事故与伤害。

 Listen to the dialogue and fill in the blanks with the missing information you've heard.



1 .

# 出境领队英语

Acciden (1)	. Up to a third of a	ii reported incurcar		dable accidents.
Acciden	ts commonly occur of	on the roads, when	(2) a	and during sporting
activities su	ch as skiing, climbi	ing, rafting, cycli	ng, etc. Some tour	ists may, as more
(3)	forms of tourism	become popular, ex	pose themselves to r	isks (surfing, water-
skiing, winte	r sports, hang-gliding	g, etc.) which make	them particularly	(4)
should a disas	ster occur.			
In many	countries, road accid	lents are responsibl	e for more deaths ar	nongst tourists than
any other (5)	Wh	en crossing the ro	nd, remember that th	ne traffic may come
from the opp	osite direction to the	one in your (6)	countr	y. Likewise, drivers
in many cou	ntries do not observe	(7)	crossings or traff	ic signals. Exercise
additional car	ution when crossing re	oads while in (8)	surro	undings.
ത്രമാത്ര			100	
	7 - 扫,有答案。		X ==	
	1 111 13 11 100	,	•	
	e blanks with the ns when necessary	•	essions given be	elow and change
their forn	ns when necessary	^		elow and change
		observation	swim	elow and change
their forn	cautious	^	swim	elow and change
their form	cautious dead	observation significance	swim	
their forn	cautious	observation significance	swim direct	
occur avoid  (1) Accidents abroad.	cautious dead	observation significance	swim direct number of health pro	oblems for travellers
occur avoid  (1) Accidents abroad.  (2) Up to a th	cautious dead  and injuries account to	observation significance	swim direct  number of health pro	oblems for travellers
occur avoid  (1) Accidents abroad. (2) Up to a th (3) Accidents	cautious dead  and injuries account to	observation significance  for a  dical cases are due to the roads, when	swim direct  number of health pro accidand durin,	oblems for travellers ents. g sporting activities.
occur avoid  (1) Accidents abroad.  (2) Up to a th (3) Accidents (4) The more	cautious dead and injuries account to ird of all reported med commonly occur on to active forms of tourn	observation significance  for a  dical cases are due the roads, when ism make tourists p	swim direct  number of health pro  accid and durin particularly vulnerab	oblems for travellers ents. g sporting activities. le should a disaster
occur avoid (1) Accidents abroad. (2) Up to a th (3) Accidents (4) The more	cautious dead  and injuries account for a commonly occur on to a cative forms of tour countries, road accide countries, road accide cative forms.	observation significance  for a  dical cases are due the roads, when ism make tourists p	swim direct  number of health pro  accid and durin particularly vulnerab	oblems for travellers ents. g sporting activities. le should a disaster
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occur avoid  (1) Accidents abroad. (2) Up to a th (3) Accidents (4) The more (5) In many tourists th (6) The traffic (7) Drivers in	cautious dead  and injuries account in ird of all reported med commonly occur on the active forms of tour countries, road accident any other hazard. It may come from the countries do not many countr	observation significance  for a  dical cases are due the roads, when ism make tourists placements are responsible opposite	swim direct  number of health pro o accid and durin, particularly vulnerab ple for more  to the one in y pedestrian crossings	oblems for travellers ents. g sporting activities. le should a disaster amongst our home country. or traffic signals.
occur avoid  (1) Accidents abroad. (2) Up to a th (3) Accidents (4) The more (5) In many tourists th (6) The traffic (7) Drivers in (8) Tourists n	cautious dead  and injuries account for the commonly occur on the countries, road accident and any other hazard. The many countries do not the countries of the countries of the countries of the countries of the countries do not the countrie	observation significance  for a  dical cases are due the roads, when ism make tourists placements are responsible opposite	swim direct  number of health pro	ents. g sporting activities. le should a disaster amongst our home country. or traffic signals.
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# Part Three Situational Dialogue

第三部分:情景对话

#### Words and Expressions

vomit	v.	呕吐	ejection	n.	喷出
toxicity	n.	毒性	preliminary	adj.	初步的

Task 9-1 Tourist Missing and Items Lost 游客走失及遗失物品

#### Air Tickets Lost 遗失机票

 Listen to the dialogue and fill in the blanks with the missing words or phrases you've heard.



扫一扫, 听一听

(T=Tour	Leader;	L=Local	Guide)
---------	---------	---------	--------

- T: Oh, my goodness! (1)
- L: What's the matter, Mr. Lin? May I help you?
- T: Yes, Jack. Miss Luo's air ticket is lost. She told me she had (2)
  L: Has she checked her wallet or anywhere else?
- T: Yes, she's looked everywhere (3)
- L: Has she been to anywhere with it this morning?
- T: Let me see. Oh, yes. She may have left it in the shop (4)
- L: Where did she go shopping?
- T: At the Smith's Jewelry (5)
- L: Don't worry. We still have enough time. I'll go there to see whether (6)
- T: Thank you.
- L: Don't mention it.



1 1 75%

Listen to the dialogue again, and make a situational dialogue with your partner.

Task 9-2 Illness and Care 疾病与护理

#### Food Poisoning 食物中毒

1. Listen to the dialogue and answer the following questions.



扫"扫,听"听

- (1) What's wrong with the tourists?
- (2) How did they deal with the problem first?
- (3) How were the tourists sent to the hospital?
- (4) What is the relationship between the two speakers?



2. Listen to the dialogue again, and act it out with your deskmate. Pay attention to your body language.

Task 9-3 Accidents and Injuries 事故与伤害

#### Anklebone Fracture 踝关节骨折

1. Listen to the dialogue and rearrange the following sentences with the right order according to the sequence of the event.



扫一扫, 听一听

- (1) The doctor gave the tour leader a preliminary treatment.
- (2) The tour leader's ankle was fractured.

- (3) The tour leader went back to the hotel for a rest.
- (4) The local guide called an ambulance.
- (5) The local guide took tourists around the city according to the travel schedule.
- (6) The local guide told the tour leader not to move and tried to comfort him.



扫·扫, 有答案

Role play: Suppose you are a tour leader and your classmate is the local guide who has his leg broken. Make a situational dialogue.

# Part Four ABC about Destination Countries 第四部分: 目的地国家概况

#### Switzerland 12 1:

Switzerland is a landlocked country (內陆国) in Central Europe. It has borders with France to the west, Italy to the south, Austria and Liechtenstein (列支敦土登) to the east and Germany to the north. It is known for its mountains (Alps in south, Jura in northwest) but it also has a central plateau of rolling hills, plans, and large lakes. The highest point is Dufourspitze (杜宮亦峰) at 4,634m while Lake Maggiore (马焦睿湖) is only 195m above sea level. The climate is temperate, but varies with altitude. Switzerland has cold, cloudy, rainy/snowy winters and cool to warm, cloudy, humid summers with occasional showers.

Switzerland's independence and neutrality have long been honoured by the major European powers and Switzerland was not involved in either of the two World Wars. The political and economic integration of Europe over the past half century, as well as Switzerland's role in many UN and international organizations has strengthened Switzerland's ties with its neighbours. However, the country did not officially become a UN member until 2002. Switzerland remains active in many UN and international organizations, but retains a strong commitment to neutrality ( $+^{ij}\vec{\gamma}_{ij}$ ).

Switzerland is a peaceful, prosperous (繁集的), and stable modern market economy with low unemployment, a highly skilled labour force, and a per capita GDP larger than that of the big Western European economies. The Swiss in recent years have brought their economic practices largely into conformity with the EU's to enhance their international competitiveness (竞争力). Switzerland remains a safe haven for investors, because it has maintained a degree of bank secrecy and has kept up the franc's long-term external value.

#### 出谙领队基语

Switzerland showcases three of Europe's most distinct (截然不同的) cultures. To the northeast is the clean and correct, 8-to-5-working, stiffer Swiss-German-speaking Switzerland; to the southwest you find the wine drinking and laissez-faire (放任的) style known from the French; in the southeast, south of the Alps. the sun warms cappuccino-sippers loitering (闭进) in Italian-style piazzas; and in the centre: classic Swiss alphonse and mountain landscapes. Binding it all together is a distinct Swiss mentality. Switzerland can be a glorious whirlwind trip whether you've packed your hiking boots, snowboard, or just a good book and a pair of sunglasses.

#### Read the passage aloud and choose the best answer to complete each statement.

A. glaciers B. rivers
C. deserts D, placeau

2. Based on the text, which of the followings is NOT the neighbour of Switzerland?

A. France B. Liechtenstein

C. Germany D. Australia

3. The climate of Switzerland varies with altitude, and has cold, cloudy, rainy/snowy

A. springs
C. winters
D. autumns

 A distinct Swiss mentality comes from the binding of European cultures which are represented by

A. French, German and Italian cultures C. French, German and Polish cultures B. English, French and Italian cultures

D. French. Dutch and Italian cultures



扫一扫,有答案

#### Watch the short video twice, and complete the following requirements.

- Step 1: Divide the class into groups, and ask each student to take a note of what he or she has watched or heard. Compare the notes with his/her deskmate.
- Step 2: Make a brief summary of the destination country based on the information in the passage you've read as well as the video you've watched.

Summary:			
(1)			
(2)			
(3)			
(4)			
(5)			



扫一扫,看视频

# Part Five Consolidation 第五部分: 巩固练习

Practical Writing Bill 文写作

Fire Warning 火警诵告

A fire warning is a warning issued by civil authorities to inform the public of major, uncontrolled fires (usually wildfires) threatening populated areas and/or major roadways. A red flag warning, a warning issued when low relative humidity and high winds and temperatures are expected, will generally precede any fire activity by at least one to two days. A fire warning will generally include information on the location and movement of the fire, evacuation instructions, and shelter locations. Read the following fire warning and tell tourists to take precautions.

Suppose you are the tour leader, orally translate the passage to the tour members and evacuate them according to the instruction of Fire Warning.

#### Outline:

- I. Name and Address of the department 部门名称及其地址
- 2. Time/Day/Date 时间/星期/日期
- 3. Fire Threatening Location 火灾发生区域



- 4. Fire Threatening Address 火灾具体地址
- 5. Solution 应采取的措施

BULLETIN-EAS ACTIVATION REQUESTED

FIRE WARNING...CORRECTED

AMERILLO/POTTER/RANDALL OFFICE OF EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT
RELAYED BY NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE AMARILLO TX

456 PM CST SUN FEB 27 2011

THE FOLLOWING MESSAGE IS TRANSMITTED AT THE REQUEST OF THE AMARILLO...POTTER AND RANDALL OFFICE OF EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT.

SEVERAL WILDFIRES ARE THREATENING THE FOLLOWING LOCATIONS: RICHLAND ACRES AND RANCH ACRES...AND THEN ALSO FOR TIMBERCREEK CANYON... PALISADES...TANGLE AIRE...AND LAKE TANGLEWOOD. IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT TOURISTS EVACUATE THE RIVER FALLS AREA OF RANDALL COUNTY. TOURISTS SHOULD EVACUATE IMMEDIATELY.

TOURISTS EVACUATING THE WILDFIRES IN THE WILLOW CREEK AREA SHOULD REPORT TO THE RECEIVING POINT AT THE PLEASANT VALLEY METHODIST CHURCH AT 316 VALLEY. THE RECEIVING POINT FOR THOSE TOURISTS EVACUATING FROM THE SOUTH WILDFIRES IS THE COWBOY CHURCH AT WASHINGTON STREET AND LOOP 335...HOLLYWOOD ROAD.

Translation for the Tour Leader 知以翻译

- Translate the following sentences into English with the words or phrases given.
- (1) 我会告知旅行社。他们会给您一个满意的补偿(a satisfactory compensation)的。
- (2) 或许您可以去失物招领处(Lost and Found Counter)看看。说不定有人捡了交到那里去了。
- (3) 领队在接待人数较多的旅游团时,最头疼的事就是客人掉队走失(get lost)。因此,要在出发前(setting off)做好防范工作。
- (4) 在所有上报的就医案例(reported medical cases)里、有三分之一以上均由不可避免的

Security and Emergencies

(5) 无论发生任何事,只要领队冷静并高效(efficiently)处理,一切都会有满意的解决办法(solve)。



扫一扫,做翻译。

### Translate the following sentences into Chinese with the words or phrases given.

- (1) The tour leader should make an effort to keep the injured tourist's spirit up (振作起来), as sometimes dealing with the emotional effect is much more important than the physical treatment
- (2) Have you made a photocopy (复印件) of your passport in case of emergency?
- (3) The outbound tour leader should inform all members of not mentioning their personal (个人的) information to others.
- (4) A breach of security (治安事故) means that the tourist has suffered: theft, robbery, fraud (诈騙), murder (謀杀) and their life or property has been endangered on the trip.
- (5) In many countries, road accidents are responsible for more deaths amongst tourists than any other hazard (危害).



打 付、做翻译

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# Chapter

# 禹境回国

Department on Destination Countries

10

# Learning Focus 学习要点

- ◆ Case Study Dollars in Underpants
- Listening Comprehension
   Sending off the Tour Group
- Situational Dialogue
  - Task 10-1 Preparations Before Departure
    - -Wake-up Call
  - Task 10-2 Check-out Hotel
    - -Reservation for Shuttle Bus
  - Task 10-3 Airport Check-out
    - -Getting Aboard
  - Task 10-4 Tax Refund
    - -Inquiring about Tax Refund
- ♦ ABC about Destination Countries
  - ABC about Kenya
- Consolidation

Practical Writing: Tax Refund Form

Translation for Tour Leader

- ◆ 案例分析 内裤里的美金
- ◆ 听力训练
- 高站送客
  ◆ 情景对话
  - ① 离境前的准备 I.作

  - ②离店结账
  - ——预订去机场的巴士
    - ③办理机场离境手续
    - ——登机回国
    - ④ 退税
- ◆ 目的地国家概况
  - 肯尼亚概况
  - ▶ 巩固练习

应用文写作: 退税单 领队翻译



# Part One Case Study 第一部分:案例分析

#### Dollars in Underpants 内裤里的美金

Although the tour leader repeatedly reminded tourists to take with them all their personal belongings, some of them still left something behind in the hotel rooms. One day, after the trip in Alaska, they were prepared for checking out. Before getting on the bus, the tour leader reminded them of taking all their luggage. When everybody was seated on the bus, he asked again if they had left something in the hotel. No one responded, then, the local guide instructed the driver to set off.

However, as the bus pulled out for only a few minutes, a tourist suddenly shouted: "Oh, I left something in the hotel!" The tour leader asked him what had been left. "It was the money, the dollars", he said. The tour leader instructed the driver to drive back right away. Luckily enough, the guy found his money.

Why did this guy still leave his dollars in the hotel? It happened that the guy hid the dollar notes in the pockets of his underpants. As he was lazy, and didn't bother to wash it, he threw it into the waste basket carelessly.



扫一扫,看译文

### Study the case carefully. Decide whether the following statements are true or false and write T for true and F for false.

- The tour leader should remind tourists of taking their personal belongings with them before they check out the hotel.
- (2) \_\_\_\_\_ The tour leader should help check the tourists' personal belongings in the hotel room before they set out.
- (3) The local guide cannot instruct the driver to set out without permission of the tour leader.
- (4) The tour leader should instruct the driver to head for the airport instead of coming back to the hotel.
- (5) \_\_\_\_\_ In case that they failed to catch the plane, both the tour leader and the tourist should be held responsible for it.



扫一扫,有答案。

2. Divide the class into several groups for a brief discussion. How would you handle the case if you were a tour leader?

(1)		
(2)		
(3)		
回 <b>2</b>	- 40	



# 小知识一

#### 离境回国时领队的工作

#### 1. 办理桑机手续

帮助酶零托运行李、换别登制 和。购买离境机场税以入歇由境外接待社支付、多数情况下 机场税包含在机票内。

#### 2. 办理离境手续

将护照、机震发给前客。帮助前客填写出域下。引导游客排队办理离境手续,有序通过移 民局离底。

#### 3 办理海关手续

不同國家(地区)的海关有不同的途径限制。 領队应充分了解离境国家(地区)的海关 风景、特别游客小理通人:

#### 4. 办理购物退税手续

l饮美各大机场有购物退税专柜,登机前可凭购物凭证退税。领队应预留可间帮助房客办理 购物退税手续。

#### 5. 提醒游客登机

核实登机闸口并提醒游客注意、避免游客因购物而误机。

# Part Two Listening Comprehension 第二部分: 听力训练

#### Words and Expressions

dial	ν.	拨打	digit	n.	数字
shuttle bus		班车	stewardess	n.	空姐
underneath	prep.	在的下面	refund	n.	退款
custom	n.	海关	merchandise	n.	商品
spot-check	ν.	抽查	credit card		信用卡

### Sending off the Tour Group 离站送客

1. Listen carefully and identify mistakes in the passage. Underline the mistakes and fill in the right ones in the blanks.



扫一扫,听一听

The tour I	eader should co	onfirm the time for the	(1)	breakfast and the time
for the delivery	of luggage Be	efore they leave the hot	el, the tour le	ader must remind tourists to
(2)	_ pay cash if the	hey take drinks and oth	ers in the mir	ni fridges in their rooms. The
tour leader mus	st check the nan	nes, numbers of the tou	rists as well a	as the tickets and confirm the
correct time and	d (3)	parking place for t	he tour group	. He or she should reconfirm
the seats, for the	he airline comp	any may not reserve the	he seats if to	urists who (4)
have Open ticl	kets do not lea	ve within 72 hours. If	the tour gro	oup misses the airplane, the
tour leader sho	uld contact (5)	the airlii	ne company	to see if the earliest flight is
available. The	tour leader show	uld try to catch it so that	at the tourists	could come back according
to (6)	the tour co	ontract.		



扫一扫,有答案

- 2. Listen to the passage again and answer the following questions.
- (1) Who should arrange the morning call, the local guide or the tour leader?
- (2) What else should the tour leader check besides the names, numbers of the tourists?

(3) What should the tour leader do if the tourists miss the airplane?



1 1 .

# Part Three Situational Dialogue

第三部分:情景对话

#### Words and Expressions

dial	ν.	拨打	digit	18/3	数字
shuttle bus		班车	stewardess	\v1.	空姐
underneath	prep.	在的下面	refund (	n.	退款
custom	n.	海关	merchandisa	и.	商品
spot-check	ν.	抽查	credit card		信用卡

Task 10-1 Preparations Before Departure 离境前的准备工作

## Wake-up Call 叫早电话

1. Listen to the dialogue and write down the relevant information you've heard.



to the second

(1) The group is to take the early flight to	
(A) THE STATE OF T	

(-)				
(3) There are	five rooms and t	he room numbe	eric	

(4) Each room has a	service.

(5) The computer will cancel t	the old time and .	



扫一扫,有答案

Listen to the dialogue again, and act it out with your deskmate. Pay attention to your body language.



#### Task 10-2 Check-out Hotel 离店结账

#### Reservation for Shuttle Bus 预订去机场的巴士

Listen to the dialogue and write numbers in the blanks to show the correct order of the conversation.



扫一扫, 听一听

#### (R=Receptionist; T=Tour Leader)

- (1) R: Could you tell me how many seats do you need?
- \_\_\_(2) T: I want to know if there is a shuttle bus to the airport.
- \_\_(3) R: Certainly, sir. May I know your room number?
- \_\_(4) T: We will leave early tomorrow morning. Could you help me make a reservation?
- \_\_\_(5) R: Yes, sir. We have a bus to the airport every other hour from 6:00 a.m. to 9:00 p.m.
- \_\_\_(6) T: 12 seats for the earliest bus.
  - (7) R: May I help you?
- (8) T: Room 1218, Mr. Li.
- (9) R: You're welcome, sir.
- (10) T: That's right, thank you very much for your help.
  - \_\_(11) R: Yes, Mr. Li, you reserved 12 seats for the earliest bus of tomorrow, is that right?



九 有答案

2. Listen to the dialogue again, and act it out with your partner.

### Task 10-3 Airport Check-out 办理机场离境手续

#### Getting Aboard 登机回国

 Listen to the dialogue and fill in the blanks with the missing words or phrases you've heard.



#### (S= Stewardess; T=Tour Leader)

a. Good morning. (1)	
T: Thank you, stewardess. Can you direct our group to our s	seats?
S: Certainly, may I see (2)	?
T: Sure, here you are.	
S: (3)	
T: Thank you, miss. Where can we put our bags?	
S: You can put the coat and small things on the rack (4)	and your
bag here at your feet.	
T: Can we put bags (5)?	
S: I'm sorry. All carry-on luggage must be placed undernea	th the seat in front of you or in the
overhead compartment.	
T: Where is the button (6)	111/3
S: Right here on the armrest.	
T: Thank you.	
S: You're welcome. (7)	

2. Listen to the dialogue again, and make a situational dialogue with your partner.

### Task 10-4 Tax Refund 退税

### Inquiring about Tax Refund 询问退税

 Listen carefully. Decide whether the following statements are true or false and write T for true and F for false.



打一打,听一听

- (1) \_\_\_\_ The salesgirl will write out a tax refund form for the tour leader only.
- (2) The Customs officer will check everything the tourists have bought.
- (3) The tourists can get the tax refund by showing the sales receipts.
- (4) \_\_\_\_\_The passport and refund form should be submitted for check except for the boarding pass.



(5) \_\_\_\_\_ Instead of cash, the tax refund can be transferred into the tourists' credit card accounts.



2. Listen to the dialogue again, and act it out with your partner.

# Part Four ABC about Destination Countries 第四部分: 目的地国家概况

### Kenya 肯尼亚 📉

Kenya is one of the world's most popular tourism destinations attracting millions of tourists over the past years. The country is endowed with attractive tourist sites, rich culture, striking geographical diversity and landscapes ranging from beautiful beaches, to animal parks and archaeological (考古的) sites. Kenya only has only two seasons: one rainy season and one dry season in a year.

The tourist destinations are well distributed all over the country. Currently, Kenya has six properties inscribed on the World Heritage List. These include cultural properties which are: Fort Jesus Mombasa (豪巴萨耶稣堡), Lamu Old Town (拉穆老城), Sacred Mijikenda Kaya Forests (米古肯达卡亚圣林) and Natura! Properties which are Kenya Lake System in the Great Rift Valley (东非人裂谷), Lake Turkana National Parks (图尔卡纳湖国家公园) and Mount Kenya Natural Forest (肯尼亚山自然森林).

The Fort Jesus is one of the most outstanding historical sites and preservation of the 16th century. It was built and designed of Giovanni Battista Cairati with the aim of protecting the port of Mombasa (蒙巴萨岛) from external invasion. The fort occupies an area of 2.36 hectares.

Lamu Old Town is an exclusive tropical island and one of the oldest best preserved Swahili settlements in East Africa. It is one major center for the study of Islam and Swahili (斯瓦希里) cultures with many clite visiting for educational purposes. It is built in coral stone and mangrove timber. Lamu is also characterized by the simplicity of many structural forms enriched by ideal features such as elaborately carved wooden doors, verandas (阳台), and inner courtyards.

Sacred Mijikenda Kaya Forests (米吉肯达卡亚圣林) consist of 11 separate forest sites. It is yet another 16th century phenomenon with remains of several fortified villages locally known as Kayas. The land occupies 200km and is famed for bearing a living cultural tradition.

The boundless wilderness and big game of this Africa's region has long attracted adventure seekers from all over the world. No other African country can boast such an incredible range of landscapes, unique geographical features and species.

meredio	to range or mindscapes, amque geograpmen r	outui o	o una operior
Read th	e passage aloud and choose the best answe	r to co	omplete each statement.
1. The c	climate of Kenya is influenced by the dive	ersity	of its geography and featured by
A des	· / in summer		B. rainy in winter
	e rainy season and one dry season in a year		D. hot in a year
2. Based	on the text, which of the followings is NO	T inso	cribed on the World Heritage List?
A. Fo	rt Jesus Mombasa	15	B. Sacred Mijikenda Kaya Forest
C. Yel	llowstone National Park	7	D. Mount Kenya Natural Forest
			4.440
	is one major center for the study of Islam		
	mu Old Town		B. Lake Turkana National Parks
C. Ke	nya Lake System	47	D. Great Rift Valley
4. What	is the Kenyans' local language?		
A. En	glish (<<- ' \\ \tau \tau\)		B. Swahili
C. Fre	ench\\\\\\		D. Spanish
Watch t	he short video twice, and complete the follo	owing	requirements.
Step 1:	Divide the class into groups, and ask each	stude	nt to take a note of what he or she
	has watched or heard. Compare the notes w	ith his	/her deskmate.
Step 2:	Make a brief summary of the destination	count	ry based on the information in the
	passage you've read as well as the video yo	u've v	vatched.

O-WIL	man y .		
(1)			

Summary





扫一扫,看视频。

# Part Five Consolidation 第五部分: 巩固练习

Practical Writing 应用文写作

Tax Refund Form 退税单

A tax refund or tax rebate is a refund on taxes when the tax liability is less than the taxes paid. Taxpayers can often get a tax refund on their income tax if the tax they owe is less than the sum of the total amount of the withholding taxes and estimated taxes that they paid, plus the refundable tax credits that they claim. (Tax refunds are money given back at the end of the financial year.)

If you filed a paper tax return, it could tax the IRS up to six weeks from that date it receives your paperwork to issue your tax return. If you want your tax refund more quickly, file your return electronically. The IRS typically issues tax refunds to electronic filers within three weeks.

Suppose you are the tourists, fill out the following registration form of tax refund. Don't hesitate to ask the tour leader if you have any problems when you fill in the form.

#### Outline:

- 1. Gender 性别
- 2. First name 名字
- 3. Middle name 中间名
- 4. Surname 姓
- 5. Date of birth 出生日期

- 6. Marital status 婚姻狀况
- 7. City 居住地
- 8. Mobile phone 移动电话
- 9. E-mail 电子邮箱
- 10. Skype/ MSN 网络电话



# Translation for the Tour Leader 领队翻译

- Translate the following sentences into English with the words or phrases given.
- (1) 到机场前, 领队应确认出发当天旅游团准确的出发时间和地点 (place of the departure)。
- (2) 领队应重新确认机位 (reconfirm the seats), 否则航空公司有可能不保留机位。
- (3) 我只带了些个人用品及给朋友捎带的小礼物。我需要申报 (declare)吗?
- (4) 登机时,请您出示登机牌 (boarding pass)。
- (5) 如果游客错过航班, 领队应争取让游客搭乘最近的航班(latest flight)离境。



扫一扫, 做翻译。

#### 2. Translate the following sentences into Chinese with the words or phrases given.

- We are going to airport early tomorrow morning; I'd like to request a morning call(叫早服务).
- (2) The tour leader should return their identity cards(身份证) or passports when the tourists arrive at the airport.

#### 出境领队英语

- (3) The total amount of your payment and the refund amount(退稅金額)will be clearly showed in the form.
- (4) Please go through the red channel(红色通道) if you have something to declare.
- (5) You have three cartons of cigarettes and two bottles of wine. By the law, you must pay tax and fine (罚款).



扫一扫, 做翻译。

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